	<u></u>		
	Page 97		Page 99
1	in the United States?	1	working on Dynix with access to Unix System V in India?
2	A. Yes.	2	MR. KAO: Objection to form.
3	MR. KAO: Objection to form.	3	THE WITNESS: Not to my knowledge.
4	MR. HEISE: Q. Do you know whether the	4	MR. HEISE: Q. Did Sequent, in fact, have
5	software product was used outside the United States by	5	engineers in India?
6	Sequent at any time?	6	MR. KAO: Objection to form.
7	MR. KAO: Objection to form.	7	THE WITNESS: During my tenure at Sequent, no.
8	THE WITNESS: I assume you're referring to the	8	I'm aware that Sequent made outsourcing arrangements
9	period of time that this agreement alone was in force?	9	with Indian firms later, although I don't think that
10	MR. HEISE: Q. No. I need to ask you what	10	those were related to System V.
11	you mean by "this agreement alone was in force."	11	MR. HEISE: Q. What do you think they were
12	A. After the distribution rights agreement was	12	related to?
13	signed, then certain elements, as part of the binary	13	A. I think they were related to other product
14	distribution, might have been distributed outside of the	14	support issues.
15	United States.	15	Q. Were they related to Dynix?
16	Q. Okay. And I appreciate you making that	16	A. They may have been related to Dynix, yes.
17	darification, because I'm talking strictly source code,	17	Q. In Section 2.01, is there anything that you
18	not binary code.	18	thought was unclear or ambiguous at the time that you
19	A. Okay.	19	signed it or as you sit here today, after having
20	Q. So my question to you is: Do you know whether	20	reviewed it on various occasions both by yourself and
21	Sequent at any time distributed source code covered by	21	with IBM's counsel?
22	this software agreement outside the United States?	22	MR. KAO: Objection to form.
23	A. Not to my knowledge,	23	THE WITNESS: There's nothing particularly
24	MR. KAO: Objection to form.	24	unclear. I mean, it has the same vagueness that we
25	MR. HEISE: Q. Did Sequent have any	25	discussed earlier.
	Tree transact Q. Did beddere nove any		
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	Page 98		Page 100
1	Page 98 facilities outside of the United States?	í.	Page 100 MR. HEISE: O. The next sentence in
1 2	facilities outside of the United States?	1	MR. HEISE: Q. The next sentence in
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2	facilities outside of the United States?  A. It did. Q. Where?	1 2 3	MR. HEISE: Q. The next sentence in Section 2.01 says: "Such right to use includes the right to
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Q. Did you understand that the resulting materials referred to the modifications and derivative works based on the software products?

A. I don't understand your question.

Q. In this sentence where it says,

"... provided the resulting materials are treated hereunder as part of the priginal SOFTWARE PRODUCT," did

you understand, sir, that the phrase "the resulting materials" was referring to the modifications and 10 derivative works based on the software product?

A. No, I did not.

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Q. What did you believe it was referring to?

A. To the original System V source code and 14 object code.

Q. Well, if that's the case then, sir, why 16 wouldn't there just be a period after "software product" and you would eliminate the entire second half of that sentence?

MR. KAO: Objection to form.

THE WITNESS: I don't know.

MR. HEISE: Q. Isn't that what you are now 22 telling us you understood the sentence to mean, that the second half of that sentence didn't mean anything differently than the first half?

MR. KAO: Objection to form.

were specific to — the one that I recall very precisely is that in working with Oracle, we needed their help to

modify a particular treatment so that Oracle would run better.

Q. So ---

A. So it was a piece, is the short answer.

Q. So is Oracle the only company that you can recall Sequent ever providing access to source code? MR. KAO: Objection to form.

THE WITNESS: There probably were others. That's the one I recall.

MR. HEISE: Q. So whenever Sequent would provide Dynix to customers, with the exception of Oracle and possibly a few others, it was always in object code format?

A. The typical distribution was object, yes.

O. Would the object code format encompass all of Dynix, including the BSD portions, the Unix System V portions, and whatever changes, modifications, derivative works that Sequent created for Dynix?

21 A. If your meaning is that, for instance, for the System V environment, there would be header files that 22 are different and the object code to do the conditional 24 symbolic link treatment was included in that object 25 code, yes.

THE WITNESS: No. My comprehension of this paragraph is that there's an unmodified software product and a modified software product that incorporates other things created by Sequent and that with regard to the unmodified portion, the same treatment applies.

MR. HEISE: Q. Well, when you would give a customer a copy of Dynix code --

A. Yes.

Q. Source code, not object code.

A. That didn't occur frequently.

11 Q. But you did make provision for that? There were licenses for customers to get source code, was 12 13 there not?

A. There was at least one that I know of.

Q. When a customer would get source code, would it come on a CD or a digital tape as "Here is Dynix," or how would it be provided to a customer?

A. I don't actually recall how the distribution was done.

Q. Would it separate out, this part is Unix 21 System V; this part is B\$D; this is Sequent's changes, 22 additions, modifications?

23 A. The source code distributions that I recall 24 were piecemeal, that as they - for instance, it was a parallel programming library that was distributed. They

Q. It would be one unified product that would be given to a customer?

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MR. KAO: Objection.

MR. HEISE: Q. Wouldn't be in bits and pieces, would it?

MR. KAO: Objection to form.

THE WITNESS: Well, now there were optional components. I mean, you didn't get everything.

MR. HEISE: Q. What would be an optional component?

Well, first, you said, ". . . now there are optional components." Was that a change, or is that how it always was?

A. No, it was always -- starting at the beginning, there was only one product; but --

Q. Well, what are you refer- --

A. -- after there were subsequent developments to enhance the product, then the customer didn't, for example, get the compiler if they didn't buy the compiler.

Q. So is that what you're referring to when you talk about "optional components," the compiler?

A. That's an example.

Q. What else are you referring to when you say 24 "optional components"?

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A. The parallel programming library was another example. I'm trying to recall now what else we made

Q. Can you think of anything else?

A. No. I don't have a good recall of what was optional.

MR. HEISE: Why don't we just take a couple-minute break. I need to . . .

THE VIDEOGRAPHER: Going off the record. The time is 10:50.

(Recess taken.)

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THE VIDEOGRAPHER: We are back on the record. The time is 11:03.

MR. KAO: I think at the break Mr. Rodgers had the opportunity to review the software agreement with respect to the provision that he was looking for that was vague, and so he would like to clarify for the record.

MR. HEISE: Q. Sure.

- A. I apologize. I was looking for an open parenthesis, and actually, there's no parenthetical note in the agreement.
  - Q. What phrase are you looking for now?
- A. It's actually in -- I think It's 7.06(a). And 25 the phrase is "at any time becomes available without

Page 107 unclear about this particular phrase as identified by you in 7.06 about becoming available without restriction 3 to the general public.

A. Your question was: Is this -- in essence, was: Where did I find this document vague? And my response was, in this particular respect, most such . documents are more explicit and so you're forced to rely upon context or experience.

Q. Is there anything else in this document besides what we've discussed in 1.04 and 7.06?

A. I think we also covered 2.01, because it relies on the software product definition is open to interpretation. The paragraph itself is not vague, but the interpretation is open.

Q. Okay. In reviewing paragraph 5 of your declaration, sir, we talked about much of this when Mr. Kao was examining you, and I just want to follow up on a few points.

Here you indicate that you did not personally negotiate. In your mind, who was it that was personally negotiating this agreement?

Roger Swanson.

Q. Okay. So not the other executives you identified, Mr. Beck or Mr. Kasten. It was really Roger Swanson that was negotiating?

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restriction to the general public." That phrase.

Q. And just so that this is all in context, you're identifying the phrase that "at any time becomes available without restriction to the general public" from Section 7.06(a) as something that you find to be undear or ambiguous, as you sit here today. It's not something that you found undear and ambiguous at the time that the agreement was entered into. Is that correct?

A. No. What I was saying is that at the time, my Interpretation of that phrase was based upon my experience with other confidentiality agreements. It's 12 not explicit in this agreement, but it requires 13 14 interpretation from context.

Q. What was your understanding at the time leading up to the execution of this agreement what this phrase meant, based on your experience?

. A. As I stated, I think in response to Mr. Kao's 18 19 question, it was either as publicly disclosed by the originator or the information is independently derived 20 or becomes public through the result of a court 21 22 proceeding.

23 Q. I'm having trouble understanding, based upon what you've described as your understanding what 24 25 similar-type phrases mean in your experience, what is

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A. Correct.

Q. Are there any other Sequent employees besides Mr. Swanson, Mr. Beck, or Mr. Kasten with whom you reviewed these agreements before signing on behalf of Sequent?

A. It's possible. I don't have a specific recollection.

Q. Given that, would it be fair to assume you don't have a specific recollection of discussions with these other possible Sequent employees?

A. That's accurate.

Q. Okay. Hate to beat something to death, but occasionally you have to.

Later on in this paragraph you state that you, quote, have personal knowledge of the parties' understanding of, and intent behind, the terms and conditions of the agreements.

Could you tell us where you get your personal knowledge of AT&T's understanding of the terms and conditions of the agreements?

A. It would have come through either the 21 22 conference calls or a recounting of the consultations 23 with AT&T coming from Roger and others.

24 If I can be more specific, there are elements of the System V source code that, by the nature of the

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Page 109 Unix operating environment, have to be exposed to the 2 customer. And it's just how the system is built. The system uses text files for configuration. The system. 4 as I've previously said, uses header files to bind things in. So we had to clarify the AT&T intent, because 6 7 the definition of "software product" was so wide-open that no, they didn't mean make it unusable; they meant just don't expose, in bulk, the source code. 10 Q. Well, besides the header files being allowed to be exposed, what else was discussed between Sequent 11 and AT&T that could be exposed before you entered into 12 13 this agreement? 14 THE WITNESS: Again --15 MR. KAO: Objection to form. 16 You can answer. 17 THE WITNESS: I don't have a specific 18 recollection. What I can recount to you is just that 19 there are -- because Unix is built with a lot of text 20 files that are meant to be interpreted or used as 21 configuration information, there are elements of the 22 operating system that are open, that just have to be 23 open. That's the nature of the operating system. 24 MR. HEISE: Q. Was it your understanding, 25 then, that as a licensee of Unix System V, that you could provide or make public the header files of Unix 2 System V or the text files of Unix System V?

Q. Okay. What about text files? What text files, if any, were discussed between Sequent and AT&T that you understood could be publicly displayed from Unix System V?

A. Again, we probably wouldn't have discussed it at the level of it's RC1.txt or something like that. We would have discussed it as the system configuration files or the disk table or things like that.

Q. Okay. So besides header files and text files, was anything else discussed that you believe Sequent could publicly display from Unix System V and still be in complete compliance with the terms of the software agreement?

MR. KAO: Objection to form.

THE WITNESS: We would have also had to confirm that we could document known defects. When the product is distributed in binary form, you have to be able to tell your customers "Don't rely on the CPO-H parameter." And that would be a reference to a System V component, but it's referring to a defect in that component.

MR. HEISE: Q. Well, would you provide them the source code for that component?

24 No, we would not.

Q. So there's still -- just telling a customer

MR. KAO: Objection to form.

You can answer.

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THE WITNESS: Yes, certain of those things are necessary.

MR. HEISE: Q. That's what I'm trying to, you know, winnow down as to what you mean by that. Let's just stick with the header files, for example.

What in the header files was discussed that could be made publicly available by Sequent without Sequent violating the terms of confidentiality?

MR. KAO: Objection to form.

You can answer.

THE WITNESS: I don't have a specific 16 recollection about what was discussed, but the header files, in their entirety -- certain header files, in their entirety, have to be exposed.

MR. HEISE: Q. Which header files have to be exposed publicly from Uhix System V?

- 21 A. You're asking a question I can't answer from 22 own knowledge.
- Q. Then how do you know that header files must be 24 exposed from System V?
  - A. As a person experienced using Unix.

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that gets it in only the binary, the 1s and 0s, that there's a defect in X portion is not identifying System V code or modification or derivative work, is it?

A. Well -

MR. KAO: Objection to form.

-THE WITNESS: That's where the definition of "software product" causes the problem, because it's so expansive, it includes the documentation, which includes the release notes, which includes the defect list. So that's where it gets tangled up.

MR. HEISE: Q. Okay. So that was your concern, by way of example: Identifying for a customer that X has a defect is somehow violating the terms of the confidentiality dause as written in this agreement?

A. If you interpret it --

MR. KAO: Objection to form.

THE WITNESS: -- the way it's written, yes, that could cause you a problem.

19 MR. HEISE: Q. Any other examples that were 20 discussed with AT&T besides this header files, text 21 files, or defect notes?

- A. I wouldn't have been party to the whole of the conversation.
- Q. Did you ever see any correspondence between Sequent and AT&T regarding Sequent's belief that it

Page 113 Page 115 Q. What documentation? could, in full compliance with the agreement, disclose 1 A. There's a set of man pages, they're called, header files, text files, or identify in defect notes? 2 2 3 A: I did not. 3 which document the commands. MR. KAO: Objection to form. 4 Q. Anything else? 4 5 MR. HEISE: Q. Did you see correspondence 5 A. I'm sure there were release notes and various regarding Sequent's ability to reveal anything from 6 other pieces of descriptive information. 7 7 System V other than what I just described? So that I'm Q. Anything else? A. Not to my specific recollection. 8 8 not limiting it just to header files, text files, and defect notes. 9 9 Q. The phrase "for its internal business purposes," we talked about this earlier. That appears 10 A. I did not. 10 in Section 2.01; is that correct? Q. These conversations that we've been discussing 11 11 about the -- what you've characterized as the intent 12 A. Mm-hmm. 12 behind the terms and conditions of the agreements, were 13 Q. You have to say "yes" or "no" out loud. 13 14 these conversations that took place before entering into 14 . A. Sorry. Yes. 15 this agreement? 15 Q. What did you understand "internal business 16 A. Yes. 16 purposes" to mean? 17 Q. Were there any conversations afterwards? 17 A. Our intent -- I'll start with that -- was to 18 18 A. I'm sure there were. I don't have a specific use the System V materials to create the derivative 19 recollection. 19 work. How I interpret internal business purposes is for 20 anything that might please the company. So we might 20 Q. So you cannot relate to us any of the conversations that took place after the agreement was have done a benchmark on a System V platform, which I do 21 21 recall that we did. So it would have been anything we executed regarding what you've described as the intent 22 -22 23 behind the terms and conditions of the agreements? 23 chose to do for our own education and satisfaction. 24 A. No, not with any precision. 24 Q. In other words, keep it within Sequent? A. Yes. 25 Q. In paragraph 6, you start with: 25 Page 114 Page 116 "It was my understanding that the licensing MR. KAO: Objection to form. 1 1 2 agreements that I executed were standard form 2 MR. HEISE: Q. You continue on that: 3 3 "The agreement further provided [sic] Sequent agreements . . . . " 4 From whom did you get that understanding? 4 the right to modify Unix software products 5 A. I don't know the name of the person. It would 5 and to prepare derivative works based upon have been one of the AT&T representatives who portrayed such software products." 7 the documents as a standard form license agreement. 7 A. Yes. Q. So it was strictly a statement by someone. It 8 8 Q. What did you understand it to mean that, as 9 wasn't that you had seen other AT&T agreements for 9 you say here, that Sequent had the right to modify Unix 10 software code? 10 software products? 11 A. That's correct. 11 A. So modifications can take two forms. They can 12 Q. Continuing on in this declaration that you 12 either be an augmentation, the creation of a new 13 signed, in your second sentence you state: 13 capability; or they can be an adaptation, making 14 \*The Software Agreement granted Sequent the 14 something that would work except for some minor 15 right to use Unix software products, incompatibility. And I gave some examples earlier about 15 16 including source code, for its internal 16 symbol definitions and character sets and things like 17 business purposes." 17 that as an example of the latter. 18 The way that this sentence was written and 18 Q. And if Sequent -- well, could you tell us which you signed, you seem to indicate that Unix 19 19 what, if anything, from Unix System V that Sequent 20 software products is something more than source code. 20 modified? 21 A. Yes. 21 A. In either sense? 22 Q. What did you understand the Unix software 22 Q. In either sense of how you are defining 23 products to be besides source code? 23 "modification." 24 A. It also includes the object code for the 24 A. Yes. The two examples that I can recall unmodified System V, includes the documentation. precisely are we modified the way in which Unix System V

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semaphores work in order to perform better. The semantics of a -- perhaps I should say that a semaphore is a software object that allows for multiple users of a single resource to coordinate their access to that single resource so that they don't collide.

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The meaning of a semaphore in System V is different than the meaning of a semaphore release in BSD, and the consequence of that difference in meaning is that System V is less efficient. So in the case of Sequent, we modified, in the sense of augmentation, the way that System V semaphores work so that they were as efficient as the Dynix operating system made them be.

- Q. Just to interrupt your train of thought for just one second, when you talk about the System V semaphores, is that also sometimes referred to as System V IPCs?
- A. IPC is one of the users of it, but that's not -- it's not the same.
- Q. So it's a subset of semaphores, or am I 19 20 overstating?
  - A. Interprocess communication is a bigger concept than — than a semaphore.
  - Q. Okay. I didn't mean to interrupt. So you were saying the things that you believed that Sequent modified from System V is modified the way that the

doing X, Y and Z"?

A. Yes.

Q. Are there any other instances that you can identify for us where Sequent modified System V code for use in any of its Dynix products?

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- A. I'm struggling to think of another example. But I would say, generally, there were also lots of adaptations where the system product code was modified in some largely cosmetic way to make it compatible with the compiler technology we were using. For a variety of reasons, the binary output format for System V and the binary output format for Berkeley are different in an 12 incompatible way. And so we would have done adaptations, essentially low-value changes, so that the binary output formats could be compatible.
  - Q. If I'm trying to determine all of the instances of modifications, meaning either new or adaptations, in Dynix that came from System V and a developer was not being a good boy that day, how would I go about determining anything else that was modified or -- modified from System V?

MR. KAO: Objection to form:

THE WITNESS: First, I would say it would be an extremely difficult assignment because the modifications would have taken place over an extended

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semaphores work. Is there anything else?

A. I'm sure there were many other things, but -and not least of which is adapting System V to run in a large-scale multiprocessor environment, to do resource management in a way that was more efficient with a large number of processors.

A small diversion here. The common wisdom at the time was that -- driven largely by the mainframe world, was that multiprocessors stopped being more efficient than uniprocessors at about four processors, which was a true statement but only true because of the way that the operating systems were implemented.

So coming back to your question, there were lots of modifications underneath the covers that allowed for the System V semantics to be expressed in an efficient way on a larger-scale multiprocessor.

- Q. Well, if I were to look at Dynix code, for example, how would I be able to determine the modifications of the System V semaphores that now appears in the Dynix code?
- A. The simple answer is I don't know. The more complicated answer is if the software developer was being a good boy that day, they would have commented it.
- Q. The comment would have indicated that "These semaphores are from System V, and I've changed it by

period of time by many people.

An approach that I would adopt, if I were given that assignment, is to see if I could recover the RCS logs. Sequent, like many companies, maintain a source control system called RCS; and I would attempt to recover, from some archival storage medium, the RCS logs.

MR. HEISE: Q. In this same sentence that we were just discussing -- we just got done talking about the modification to the Unix System V. What was your understanding of the right to, quote, prepare derivative works based upon such products, meaning Unix System V?

- A. I think my interpretation is straightforward. It means incorporate some or all of the source code, the. object code, or the documentation into a resultant source, object, or document.
- Q. Can you identify for us, in Sequent's Dynix products, any source, object, or documentation that was incorporated from Unix System V?
  - I don't have specific knowledge.
- Q. Do you know whether, in fact, that did take place?
- 23 A. Well, we can infer from the earlier discussion that certainly some of the parameterization files might have been incorporated and certainly some of the release

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notes might have been incorporated.

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Q. If I were to attempt to determine the source, object -- the source code, the object code, or the documentation that was incorporated from System V into some version of Dynix, how would I go about doing that?

MR. KAO: Objection to form; calls for speculation.

THE WITNESS: That's a near impossibility.

MR. HEISE: Q. Well, your answer is 100 percent right, because for me to go about doing that is an impossibility. So maybe I should rephrase the question.

For you to determine what source code, object code or documentation from Unix System V appears, either in whole or in part, in Dyhix, what steps would you have to undertake?

MR. KAO: Objection to form.

THE WITNESS: First, let me say, I am not a forensic expert in document comparison.

MR. HEISE: Q. Right.

A. So my first step would be to go find one.

But the techniques that are well understood are that you scan the relevant material for repeating patterns that are above chance probability. And that's

true for whether those repeating patterns are in source

Page 123 not a hundred percent sure what you mean by "check-ins."

A. Sorry.

Q. So if we could just take one step backwards.

If here is Version 1 of D ynix or Dynix/ptx, one of the Sequent products, a programmer, you said, checks in on the RCS log. What does that mean?

A. Let me start with a just a high-level description.

Q. Okay.

A. As with, I'm sure, preparation of legal documents, if you have more than one contributor, you have the problem of synchronizing the contributions.

So in the case of source code, some tool -- in

the Sequent case, it was called RCS -- would provide a 15 mechanism where a copy would be checked out, meaning removed from access by others, and that copy is then 17 assigned to a particular developer. They'll do whatever changes or inspection, whatever modification they need 18 19 to make; and then they will restore the now modified 20 version to full access, to check it in to the source

21 control system. At that point that it's checked in, 22 it's now accessible to some other developer to make 23 their changes.

Q. Given that Sequent certainly had more than one engineer, if, for example, you've checked out your --

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code or documents or object code.

Q. From the time that the software agreement was executed in 1985, how many versions of Dynix or Dynix/ptx did Sequent create?

A. I don't know a precise number. Once again, a small number. Releases happened maybe once a year, but I don't have a precise number.

Q. Not limiting your answer to release, how many changes would occur between, let's say, Release 1 and Release 2? And I'm just making up numbers just for discussion purposes. Would there just be, you know, two 12 or three minor changes, or would it go through numerous changes between Release 1 and Release 2 that the public actually saw?

MR. KAO: Objection to form.

THE WITNESS: There would be probably thousands of changes between releases.

MR. HEISE: Q. Would those changes either appear in the programmer's notes in the code or on the RCS, the control system?

A. The check-ins would occur in the RCS logs. 22 The developer might make small changes, a few changes, or large changes, hundreds or even thousands of changes between check-ins. There's no way to know that.

Q. You're going to have to forgive me because I'm

and you're working on a particular version and then Engineer No. 2 is also working — I guess Engineer No. 2 cannot also be working on that same version that you checked out.

A. Unfortunately, yes, they can. And herein lies the bigger challenge, in that it's perfectly acceptable for the developer who's checked it out to second a copy to another developer, and then they take upon themselves the task of reconciling any incompatible changes.

Q. Okay. So to be able to identify the changes which would include incorporating System V source code or object code, the first step, from what you've described, would be get the RCS logs?

MR. KAO: Objection.

MR. HEISE: Q. Is that correct?

MR. KAO: Objection to form.

THE WITNESS: That would be my approach.

18 MR. HEISE: Q. And if you didn't have access to the RCS logs, how would you go about determining what

20 Unix System V source code, object code, or documents 21 were incorporated, in whole or in part, into Dynix?

MR. KAO: Objection to form.

23 THE WITNESS: Again, I do not qualify as

24 someone --25

MR. HEISE: Q. I understand.

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A. -- who can do this; but my approach, if that was your question, would be to get some sort of comparison tool -- and there are now some very sophisticated ones that are being used by universities to detect plagiarism -- identify suspect areas, and then have a software expert identify whether the similarity that arose in that -- as a result of that activity was as a consequence of the movement of source code or simply because the algorithm required that particular expression.

- Q. And just to put this in context, how many lines of code does Dynix -- a version of Dynix comprise?
- A. Oh, I have no idea today. I would guess that it's on the order of 1 to 2 million.
- Q. And what about the Unix System V code that you'd have to be comparing it against?
- A. System V.2 is actually pretty small, if you exclude the utilities and the --
  - Q. Right.

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20 A. -- things like that.

21 So it wouldn't be huge. It would be in the hundreds of thousands maybe.

- Q. And then you would have to get this computer program to do the comparison for you?
  - A. Right.

. "I did not understand this language to give AT&T Technologies the right to assert ownership or control over modifications or derivative works prepared by Sequent, except to the extent that the licensed Unix software product was included in such modifications or derivative works."

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Rather than telling us what you did not understand this language to give AT&T Technologies the right to, what did you understand it, in fact, did give AT&T the right with respect to Sequent?

MR. KAO: Objection to form.

THE WITNESS: My understanding of AT&T's rights were to the ownership, authorship and ownership of the source code that was delivered to Sequent and, to such extent as that source code was carried forward in the derivative work, that ownership prevailed; the consequence being that they had a right to control the distribution of the portions which they owned.

MR. HEISE: Q. Well, what I don't understand, sir -- and hopefully you can clear up for us -- is nowhere in Section 2.01 does the word "own" or "ownership" or "control" appear. So where is it that you're coming up with your understanding of what this language did not do?

language did not do?

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MR. KAO: Objection to form.

THE WITNESS: And most importantly, you'd have to — once you had suspect areas, you'd have to have someone who is a technical expert in the expression of algorithms say, "Yeah, it's for sure that that's a copy of the source code because it's written so badly" or some other reason; or "Oh, no. There's only one way to express that."

And I gave an example earlier. There's really only a couple of ways to do digit production when you're printing, and so everybody's going to write the same code.

MR. HEISE: Q. Right. That, of course, is a time-consuming task?

A. Yes.

MR. KAO: Objection to form.

MR. HEISE: Q. With respect to Section 7 of your affidavit, you are making reference to Section 2.01.

- A. Let me -- yes, I am.
- Q. And in particular, you quote the portion that appears in the second sentence of 2.01.
- 23 A. Yes.
- Q. I'm curious, in Section 2.01, you identify in the next sentence, you state:

MR. KAO: Objection to form.

THE WITNESS: The keyword in my reading of Section 2.01 of the document is in the last phrase:

"... provided [that] the resulting materials are treated hereunder as part of the original SOFTWARE PRODUCT."

MR. HEISE: Q. Right.

- A. So "treatment," again, is an open-ended word. Treated in what context?
  - Q. What did you understand them to be treated?

A. So my understanding of the word "treated" here was with regard to confidentiality, not with regard to intellectual property ownership.

Q. So then what you understood on Section 2.01 was that it was not discussing ownership but, instead, was stating that the right to use includes the right to modify and to prepare derivative works, providing the resulting materials are treated confidentially?

MR. KAO: Objection to form.

MR, HEISE: Q. Is that what you're telling

21 us? 22 /

A. Yes.

Q. Did Sequent maintain in confidence its Dynixsource code?

A. To the best of my knowledge, we did.

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Q. Other than, I think you said, Oracle having a right to view Dynix's source code - first, when Oracle 2 got the right to view Dynix source code, did it do so pursuant to a license from Sequent?

A. It was -- I can't say that it was a license agreement. I'm sure there was a confidentiality agreement.

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Q. Do you know whether Oracle or any other company that was allowed to see Sequent's Dynix code was also required to get a source viewing license from AT&T or any of its successors, including SCO?

MR. KAO: Objection to form.

13 THE WITNESS: I don't know that with 14 certainty. I recall anecdotally that we did check with other companies with whom we partnered to do development 15 16 that they had an AT&T license.

17 MR. HEISE: Q. So, to your knowledge, Dynix code was always maintained in confidence? 18

A. To the best of my knowledge.

Q. Do you know whether at any point in time Dynix 20 code has not been maintained in confidence? 21

MR. KAO: Objection to form.

THE WITNESS: Now you have to be specific with 24 respect to which portion of Dynix code.

MR. HEISE: Q. Any portion of Dynix code.

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code that have been made publicly available besides this 2 distribution kit?

A. Not explicitly.

Q. Do you know whether any portions of Dynix have been made available publicly by contribution of it to Linux?

A. I don't know that from own knowledge. I've heard that reported.

Q. From whom have you heard it reported? MR. KAO: I guess I would caution you, to the extent you learned things from counsel, you're not to disclose that; but if you learned such information from anywhere else --

THE WITNESS: Yeah.

MR. KAO: -- you can testify to that.

THE WITNESS: I've seen some Web article, or something like that, that talked about various contributions.

MR. HEISE: Q. Other than the distribution kit, some Web article that you may have seen regarding Dynix code being contributed to Linux, are you aware of any other instance in which Dynix code was made publicly available?

None to my explicit knowledge,

Q. Why would -- why was it important to Sequent

A. And so as I've previously explained, certain elements of Dynix which were wholly created by Sequent have been made available. And as a consequence of the design of the operating system, specific pieces of the Dynix operating system are routinely made public.

Q. If we could, I'd like to address those separately.

You said certain elements of Dynix code have been made publicly available. What elements of Dynix code have been made publicly available?

A. The one that I explicitly know about is the parallel programming library.

Q. How was that made publicly available?

A. There was a little distribution kit made, and 14 there was a little handbook published. 15

Q. And when was that done?

A. A long time ago. Maybe '85, '84 sometime.

Q. So sometime prior to entering into the 18 agreement with AT&T? 19

A. I don't know the timing.

Q. Well, if it was '84, it would have been

before; if it was '85, it would have been right around 22 23 that time.

24 A. Yeah.

Are you aware of any other elements of Dynix

to keep the Dynix code confidential?

MR. KAO: Objection to form.

THE WITNESS: At the time -- times, of course, change; but at the time, Sequent had a performance and a stability advantage over its competitors because of the way in which we implemented the parallel processing and the resource allocation. And like all trade secrets, I mean, it has some value at the time.

Eventually, as happens in the computer industry, somebody figures out how to do it in a nother way and then you're done.

MR. HEISE: Q. Right. Now, you also indicated that you thought certain portions of Dynix, based upon its design, were routinely made publicly available. What specifically are you referring to?

A. I'm just referring to the release notes which describe defects, the configuration files, the header files, as we have talked about.

Q. You're not including source code in that?

20 A. Not including algorithmic source.

Q. Now, with respect to 2.01 and your understanding that it meant to keep the resultingmaterials as confidential, I still don't understand how it is that from that you are indicating your view that

you did not understand this language to cover subjects

Page 132

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Page 133
                                                                                                                      Page 135
     such as ownership and control that are nowhere mentioned

    would grant ownership or control to AT&T

                                                                2
                                                                        Technologies . . . . "
 2
 3
           MR. KAO: Objection to form.
                                                                3
                                                                           And then you continue on. Is this a statement
 4
                                                                4
           THE WITNESS: Well, I think that's my point,
                                                                    on your part as to what you would do, or is this a
 5
     is that the word "treated" is pretty open-ended.
                                                                    statement of Sequent's corporate position?
           MR. HEISE: Q. And I understand that's your
                                                                6
                                                                           MR. KAO: Objection to form.
 6
7
     statement and that you've said you believe that to mean
                                                                7
                                                                           THE WITNESS: I think it can be interpreted
 8
     to be covering confidential --
                                                                    both ways; that is, acting on behalf of Sequent, I was
        A. Right.
9
                                                                    not authorized to bargain away the Intellectual property
        Q. -- or confidentiallty requirements.
                                                                    rights of Sequent's investment of years in the Dynix
10
                                                               10
        A. So if you're asking how did I come to that
11
                                                               11
                                                                    source code.
     understanding of the word "treated," it was through a
                                                               12
                                                                           As an individual -- and I hope that, you know,
12
13
     conversation with the AT&T guys.
                                                                    I wasn't being made a fool by the AT&T lawyers. As an
                                                               13
        Q. Tell us about that conversation.
                                                                    individual, I did not interpret this language and the
14
15
        A. You know, I don't think I can recount it word
                                                                    words of explanation that were given to me as meaning
16
    for word, but it would have been along the lines of
                                                                    that AT&T had any -- was making any attempt to take
                                                               16
     "You're certainly not trying to capture my source code."
17
                                                               17
                                                                    control of my source code.
18
           And it's not something I would have done or
                                                                           MR. HEISE: Q. Did you understand, when you
                                                               18
19
     even could have done.
                                                                    viewed the word "treated" as restricting
                                                               19
20
        Q. Well, when you say "capture," are you talking
                                                                    confidentiality, that that was going to place
                                                               20
    about that AT&T indicated to you that it would not be
21
                                                               21
                                                                    restrictions on your source code?
22
     daiming ownership in --
                                                               22
                                                                           MR. KAO: Objection to form.
23
    . A. Yes.
                                                               23
                                                                           THE WITNESS: Yes, with regard to disclosure.
        Q. -- Dynix?
24
                                                                           MR. HEISE: Q. And in fact, from what you've
                                                               24
        A. That's correct.
25
                                                               25
                                                                    described to us, other than what you may have read in a
                                                      Page 134
                                                                    Web posting, Dynix -- or excuse me -- Sequent did not
           MR. KAO: Objection to form.
1
           MR. HEISE: Q. Do you understand there to be
                                                                    make public Dynix that contained Unix System V at any
2
                                                                    point in time?
3
    a difference between ownership and control?
 4
        A. There can be.
                                                                4
                                                                          MR. KAO: Objection to form.
 5
        Q. What's your understanding of the difference
                                                                5
                                                                          THE WITNESS: Not to my knowledge.
     between ownership and control?
                                                                          MR. HEISE: Q. Based upon what we've
7
        A. I mean, to own something means that I have the
                                                                7
                                                                    discussed so far, I'd like to clarify your understanding
8
     right to dispose of it as I choose. To control
                                                                8
                                                                    of Dynix.
9
     something -- examples might be restrictive covenants in
                                                                9
                                                                           Is it your understanding, as you sit here
                                                               10
                                                                    today, that Dynix or Dynix/ptx contains some or no part
10
     a deed or something like that -- simply means that I
11
    have the ability to restrain certain actions.
                                                               11
                                                                    of Unix System V?
12
        Q. Would you agree that the ability to restrain
                                                               12
                                                                       A. First, let me state, I don't know --
13
     certain actions would also include the right to dictate
                                                               13
                                                                       Q. Okay.
                                                               14
14
     what an owner of the property can do with that property?
                                                                       A. -- today. I have no idea.
           MR. KAO: Objection to form.
15
                                                               15
                                                                       Q. Well, how about let's then take you back to a
16
           THE WITNESS: As in my example, yes.
                                                               16
                                                                    time when were you there last in 1996.
17
           MR. HEISE: Q. And included in your example,
                                                               17
                                                                       A. In the past, I think I can state with
                                                                    reasonable confidence that Dynix did not contain any
18
     would it be that the fact that somebody owns something,
                                                               18
     they can be restricted in disposing of what it is that
                                                                    System V source code --
19
                                                               19
20
     they own?
                                                               20
                                                                       Q. Okay.
21
           MR. KAO: Objection to form.
                                                               21
                                                                       A. -- given its derivation.
                                                               22
22
           THE WITNESS: It's possible.
                                                                          I can be reasonably certain that Dynix/ptx had
           MR. HEISE: Q. Now, you conclude in
                                                                    some elements of System V source code embodied in it; in
23
                                                               23
24
     paragraph 7 that you never — I quote:
                                                               24
                                                                    particular, some of the utilities.
                                                               25
25
        "I would never have signed an agreement that
                                                                       Q. Would you agree then that with Dynix/ptx
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Page 139 Page 137 embodying or containing Unix System V, that it was "Dynix." So I know you talked about this a little bit 1 subject at least to this confidentiality restriction earlier, so I just want to see if I can make sure the that we've been discussing? 3 record's clear. 3 A. Those portions --4 4 Dynix starts out, and then after Unix System V-MR. KAO: Objection to form. 5 5 is licensed, Dynix/ptx is created, but at the same time, THE WITNESS: -- which were derived from 6 they're both being sold. And eventually, does Dynix System V, yes. cease or does it just -- what happens?. 7 7 MR. HEISE: Q. And we've already discussed MR. KAO: Objection to form. 8 8 9 about how you would, at least according to you, go about THE WITNESS: Both products continue on. 10 and identify those, quote, portions of Dynix. 10 Ultimately, the marketplace for Dynix/ptx was larger than the marketplace for Dynix for Sequent. 11 A. Yes. 11 Q. Why is it that you believe it only restricts 12 12 MR. HEISE: Q. Given that statement, that the those portions as opposed to Dynix/ptx? 13 13 Dynix/ptx became the larger marketplace, did there come A. Because in my interpretation, the restrictions a point in time when Dynix just stopped being worked on 14 14 apply to those things which are owned by AT&T and do not 15 15 or sold and that it was strictly Dynix/ptx? 16 apply to those things which are owned by Sequent. 16 MR. KAO: Objection to form. Q. And according to the way that you're 17 17 THE WITNESS: I don't know that from own interpreting this, only if you found actual System V 18 18 knowledge. I can't speculate. I don't know. 19 source code, that's the only thing that could not be --19 MR. HEISE: Q. In terms of just trying to 20 that had to be treated confidentially? 20 give us a broad view of Dynix and Dynix/ptx, when 21 A. Essentially. We've talked earlier about the 21 Dynix/ptx is where the marketplace was going for the 22 methods and procedures issue as well. 22 high-end business computing, what is the relative ratio 23 Q. We're going to get to that, but I'm trying to between how much of Sequent was devoted to Dynix/ptx 23 just follow the format of your --24 versus its former product of Dynix? 24 25 25 A. Yeah. MR. KAO: Objection to form. Page 138 Page 140 1 Q. Okay. When you state that you don't know 1 THE WITNESS: Certainly within development, whether Dynix is a derivative work based on Unix the bulk of the resources would have been working on System V, what's preventing you from being able to make 3 Dynix/ptx because it was under development. that determination? MR. HEISE: Q. Right. 5 A. And you're now saying Dynix or Dynix/ptx? A. And Dynix itself would have been getting, of 6 Q. Well, I'm going to -- I'll clarify it as course, bug fixes and customer support attention from 6 7 Dynix/ptx. 7 development and probably enhancement. As I've 8 A. Okay. 8 previously described, the hardware platform evolved over Q. And I guess what I should do -- I'll let you time. So with each new hardware platform, then Dynix answer the question as to Dynix/ptx; then I'll ask you 10 would get revisited to test it, make it compatible, take another question. advantage of any new hardware. 11 11 12 A. Okay. Dynix/ptx is almost certainly a 12 Q. Would it be fair to say that more than 13 derivative work of Unix System V. 13 50 percent of the company's revenues, expenses, Q. In paragraph 8 of your declaration, sir, you 14 14 resources, and the like were devoted to Dynix/ptx once start the sentence with "As I understood the Software 15 15 that was the product line that was being developed by --Agreement between Sequent and AT&T Technologies . . . , " MR. KAO: Objection. 16 16 and then you continue on. I just want to focus on your 17 17 MR. HEISE: Q. -- Sequent? first part there of --MR. KAO: Excuse me. Objection to form. 18 18 19 A. Yes. 19 THE WITNESS: After some period of time, I 20 Q. -- "as I understood . . . . " 20 would say yes to revenues. Expenses, I would say no to. 21 21 Is that from your reading of the agreement SG&A was always bigger. And so it depends. 22 only, or is that from some other sources? 22 MR. HEISE: Q. Okay. That's a fair response. 23 23 A. It relies upon my conversations with the AT&T But I think you've made clear Dynix/ptx was on the 24 individuals. 24 upswing and Dynix without the ptx was on the downswing. 25 Q. In paragraph 9 is when you first used the word Is that --

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Page 143
                                                     Page 141
                                                                                 AFTERNOON SESSION
           MR. KAO: Objection to form.
                                                                                                             1:02 P.M.
           MR. HEISE: Q. -- an accurate statement?
                                                               2
                                                                          (Mr. James not present.)
 2
                                                               3
 3
        A. It was certainly not being evolved, yeah.
                                                                          THE VIDEOGRAPHER: We're back on the record.
        Q. In terms of your role as the vice president of
                                                               4
                                                                          This marks the beginning of Tape No. 3 in the
 4
                                                               5
                                                                   deposition of David Rodgers. The time is 1:02.
    engineering, we know that you at least signed one or
                                                               6
                                                                          MR. HEISE: Q. Sir, just continuing on a .
    more license agreements.
 6
                                                               7
                                                                   little bit past where we left off, if I can direct your .
        A. Yes.
                                                               8
                                                                   attention to Section 11 of your declaration.
 8
        Q. What else was encompassed in your role? What
    I'm getting at is to find out what, if any, work you
                                                               9
                                                                      A. Okay.
 9
                                                              10
                                                                      Q. You identified this as the confidentiality
10
    were doing on Dynix of Dynix/ptx.
                                                                   clause, and I think you indicated earlier that this was
11
        A. Okay. Let me answer the second question
                                                              11
                                                                   one of the areas -- although I may be misspeaking, so.
12
    first -
                                                              12
                                                              13
                                                                   please feel free to correct me -- this was one of the
13
        Q. Ókay.
14
      · A. - which is that any work I might have done on
                                                                   areas that you thought had ambiguity in it or was not
    Dynix/ptx would have been limited to writing a utility
                                                              15
                                                                   clear at the time that you signed the agreement?
15
                                                              16

    Yes, particularly with regard to methods or

16
    program or editing a text file for English grammar. You
                                                              17
17
    would certainly not consider me a contributor to
                                                                   concepts.
                                                              18
                                                                      Q. Okay. Was there anything in Section 7.06 at
18
    Dynix/ptx in any way.
                                                              19
                                                                   the time that you were discussing and ultimately
19
        Q. Okay.
                                                                   executed the agreement that you thought was unclear or
20
        A. And I referred to myself as the programmer of
                                                              20
                                                                   ambiguous other than the section pertaining to methods
21
    last resort.
                                                              21
22
                                                              22
                                                                   or concepts?
            With regard to my duties, my job was
                                                              23
                                                                      A. No. Again, this paragraph is clear in its own
23
    essentially to maintain the organization. So to recruit
    new engineers, to sustain the engineers that we did
                                                              24
                                                                   sense, although it relies upon the software products
24
                                                                   definition that has some vagueness to it.
    have, to make sure that they received adequate training,
                                                                                                                    Page 144
                                                                      Q. Right. But I'm just focusing you on anything
 1
    that there were project plans in place, to monitor the
                                                               1
                                                               2
 2
    project development schedules, to meet with customers,
                                                                   else in 7.06 that you thought was unclear at the time
    and to act as a part of the sales process, and to -- as
                                                               3
                                                                   that you were negotiating or people were negotiating and
 3
    a member of the executive team, to make strategic
                                                               4
                                                                   you ultimately executed the software agreement besides
 4
    decisions.
                                                               5
                                                                   what you've identified as methods or concepts and now
 5
                                                               6
                                                                   referring back to the definition of "software products"
 6
           MR. HEISE: Two things that are coming up
                                                                   from Section 1.04. Anything else?
 7
    right now. One, we need it take a tape change break.
                                                               7
 8
           THE WITNESS: Okay.
                                                               8
                                                                      A. No. That's it.
                                                               9
 9
           MR. HEISE: And also, I need to check out of
                                                                       Q. Would you agree, then, sir, that the
                                                              10
                                                                   restriction was with respect to all parts of the
10
     the hotel.
11
           THE WITNESS: Okay.
                                                              11
                                                                   software products subject to this agreement and not just
12
           MR. KAO: All right.
                                                              12
                                                                   some parts?
13
           THE WITNESS: All right.
                                                              13
                                                                      A. Can you say that --
14
           MR. HEISE: If we could just go ahead and -
                                                              14
                                                                          MR. KAO: Objection to form.
15
                                                              15
                                                                          THE WITNESS: -- in a different way?
           MR. KAO: Why don't we just ~
           MR. HEISE: - make this a lunch break,
                                                              16
                                                                          MR. HEISE: Q. Sure. In reviewing
16
                                                              17
17
           MR. KAO: -- go off the record then.
                                                                   Section 7.06, it states that:
18
           MR. HEISE: Yeah.
                                                              18
                                                                       "[The] LICENSEE," meaning Sequent, "agrees
19
           THE VIDEOGRAPHER: This marks the end of Tape
                                                             19
                                                                       that it shall hold all parts of the SOFTWARE
                                                              20
                                                                       PRODUCTS subject to this Agreement in
20
    No. 2 in the deposition of David Rodgers.
                                                              21
21
           We're going off the record. The time is
                                                                       confidence for AT&T."
22
    11:59.
                                                              22
                                                                          Based upon that language, would you agree that
23
                                                              23
                                                                   Sequent was obligated to hold all parts of the software
           (Luncheon recess taken at 11:59 a.m.)
24
                                                              24
                                                                   products subject to this agreement in confidence for
                     --oOo---
25
                                                              25
                                                                   AT&T as opposed to just some or -- as opposed to some
```

Page 145 Page 147 parts? think we've covered this -- were never in writing 2 2 MR. KAO: Objection to form. regarding this methods and concepts clause; is that 3 THE WITNESS: Okay. So as I've previously said, with the comprehension that the parts of the 4 A. Not to my knowledge. software product, meaning the source code, the 5 Q. And the reason that you believed that the algorithmic portion of the source code, but not with methods and concepts could not be restricted or was not 6 regard to documentation, some documentation elements, subject to the restrictions of this agreement was because they appeared in the public? 8 some scripting elements. 8 9 So the short answer is no, I don't agree. 9 A. Many of them, yes, had already appeared in 10 MR. HEISE: Q. Okay. So that's going back to 10 public. your view that the definition of Section 1.04 and 11 O. Okay. Could you identify for us the methods software products is not clear to you? 12 and concepts of Unix System V that publicly appeared 12 MR. KAO: Objection to form. that were used in Dynix/ptx? 13 13 14 THE WITNESS: Well, I made an assumption at 14 MR. KAO: Objection to form. 15 the time, clarified by conversation, about what was and THE WITNESS: I can give you an example. I 15 was not in scope. 16 certainly can't enumerate all of them. 17 MR. HEISE: Q. And we've talked about that -17 MR. HEISE: Q. If you could just tell us all 18 A. We've talked about that. 18 that you can identify for us. 19 Q. -- at length. 19 A. So, for example, the notion of a treed 20 And do you have anything further to add as to 20 directory structure; which is fundamental to Unix, is what you assumed or decided or heard was encompassed in well documented in lots of literature. The concept of 21 21 software products that we've not already discussed this 22 22 an I-node as a way of traversing a directory tree. The 23 23 morning? concept of dynamic memory allocation. The concept of a 24 24 A. We've covered it. process identifier. 25 Q. With respect to this statement in 25 Q. Did you say a process identifier? Page 148 A. Process identifier, PID. I'm trying to think Section 7.06, that it includes methods and concepts as 1 being something that will not be disclosed, who did you 2 of - the concept of a file handle. speak to at AT&T that indicated to you that that clause 3 There are a whole series of concepts 4 of restricting methods and concepts does not apply to 4 associated with Unix around the file system, basically 5 Sequent? 5 treats the file system as an extended text string 6 A. Again, I don't redall the name of the 6 without any real delimiters. 7 individual. It was whoever Roger had on the call. 7 Q. Anything else, sir? 8 And as I think I mentioned earlier, I'm also 8 A. I'm running out of -- you know, if you get me 9 long enough, I might come up with some more, but . . . 9 relying upon my knowledge at the time that many of the 10 methods and concepts for Unix were already disclosed by 10 Very many of the concepts are documented and 11 other - other means. 11 well explained in the text that were available at the 12 Q. Well, did you or anyone at Sequent attempt to 12 time and certainly in text available since. 13 13 modify the agreement so that it no longer included the Okay. I noticed in introducing each of these 14 phrase "including methods or concepts utilized therein" 14 categories, you identified them as the concept, for 15 so that it would be clear that Sequent was not, in fact, 15 example, of a treed structure or as an I-node. 16 restricted in its use of the methods and concepts of 16 What about the method of actually implementing 17 Unix System V? 17 that concept? Was that also publicly displayed in these 18 18 A. Not to my knowledge. texts and other public forum that you --19 MR. KAO: Objection to form. 19 A. In many cases, yes. 20 20 THE WITNESS: Sorry. Q: So you could see the actual manner in which MR. KAO: Give me a chance to object. 21 21 the source code was written for I-nodes in System V in

A. Right. You would typically find a fragment of

C language programming that would show tree traversal or

22

23

24

25

these texts?

something like that.

THE WITNESS: Not to my knowledge. We were

relying upon the assurances of AT&T folks on how they

MR. HEISE: Q. And those assurances -- I

were going to enforce the language.

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Q. And when you talk about a fragment, what do you mean by "a fragment"?

A. It will be less than all of a source module, but the core lines of code in a source module that areactually doing the work.

Q. Why would it be limited to merely a fragment In these texts as opposed to the entire file?

MR. KAO: Objection to form. It calls for

MR. HEISE: Q. You can answer.

MR. KAO: You can answer the question.

THE WITNESS: Because there's a lot of chaff in a source module. There's usually about a dozen lines of commentary that have a copyright notice and authorship indication and, you know, a few comments about what the intent of the module is.

And very often, particularly if you're just trying to be illustrative, you don't need to provide all the symbol definitions. Those are things you can establish by context as you're reading the code.

MR. HEISE: Q. So when you've been talking in about fragments, it's eliminating copyright notice, 23 authorship, comments, and definitional portions of that particular file?

A. Yes.

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example, if the code is a case statement, where it wants to treat -- where the code is intended to treat a series of values -- you know, let's say it's the digits from 0 to 9 -- the author might show the code for digit 0,

digit 1, skip all the digits up to 9, and just show the code for digit 9. Q. If all of the necessary information appears in

these public texts, why would a company like Sequent

bother to enter into a license to get what's otherwise publicly available?

MR. KAO: Objection to form.

THE WITNESS: First of all, the presumption that all of the code appeared in the text is incorrect. It doesn't.

MR. HEISE: Q. Was there any part of the code that was necessary that did not appear in the text?

MR, KAO: Objection to form. . 18

THE WITNESS: Many parts.

19 MR. HEISE: Q. With respect to the read-copy update at Sequent, were you -- were you at Sequent when 20 that technology was written? 21

MR. KAO: Objection to form. 22

I'm not familiar with.

THE WITNESS: I think not.

MR. HEISE: Q. Do you have any understanding 24 about read-copy update, how it interfaces with a kernel,

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MR. KAO: Objection to form.

MR. HEISE: Q. Is there anything else that would be eliminated from these fragments besides actual source code?

MR. KAO: Objection to form. Are we talking about the context of these books that he's talking about?

MR. HEISE: He's been talking about these methods and concepts that appear publicly in books.

MR. KAO: Okay.

MR. HEISE: And I'm just trying to establish what it is that he believes is in these books and what Isn't.

Q. So you've identified what you've been using the term "fragments" of it appear. And a fragment, at 15 least as I understand it from you, is the source code, taking away the copyright, the authorship, comments, and definitional section.

Is there anything else that does not appear in these fragments, or are you telling us that if you strip all that, you're left with all the source code that appears in a given file?

23 A. Now it will depend upon the example and the author. Sometimes the author will use ellipses, 24 omitting a repetitive section of the code. So, for

where it's located, anything like that; or is that, since it was not during your tenure, something that you

are not familiar with?

Q. Fair enough. How about NUMA, Non-Uniform Memory Access? Were you involved in the authorship or creation of that at Sequent?

A. In the sense of architecture, yes. In the sense of coding, no.

Q. In terms of architecture, is it your understanding that this NUMA technology operates inside the kernel?

A. NUMA implementation appears at many layers. It appears at the hardware layer, requiring some specific behaviors of the cache and the bus. It appears in the operating system that requires some specific behaviors with regard to memory allocation and process dispatch and I/O handling. It appears occasionally in certain kinds of applications, such as database applications, that need to be cognisant of the underlying architecture.

- Q. The NUMA technology, was that in Dynix/ptx?
- 23 A. It was eventually in Dynix/ptx. It wasn't 24 initially in Dynk/ptx.
  - Q. Is started in Dynix, is your understanding?

Page 153 Page 155 A. That's a harder question. I don't know, is part of the module could be completely different from 2 the best answer. one Unix to the next. 3 Q. Does NUMA appear in Dynix/ptx? So if you looked at it from the top, they all look like malloc. If you look at it from the bottom, 4 A. NUMA support certainly appears in Dynix/ptx. 5 Q. Well, when you talked about NUMA appearing at 5 they all look different. various levels, hardware, operating system, at the 6 Q. So using memory allocation as an example of a 6 7 operating system level, does it appear in the kernel? code module, was that memory allocation from Unix 7 System V incorporated into Dynix/ptx, to your knowledge? 8 A. It will appear principally in the kernel. 8 Q. But with the NUMA that appears, I think you 9 A. I don't know, is the accurate statement. My. 9 10 guess is not. 10 said, principally in the kernel at the operating system 11 level, how does it interface with the existing kernel? 11 Q. Okay. Can you identify for us a code module 12 MR. KAO: Objection to form. 12 that was used in Dynix/pbx? MR. KAO: Objection to form. 13 THE WITNESS: Not clear what your question is. 13 14 MR. HEISE: Q. Does the kernel have to be 14 THE WITNESS: Not specifically. 15 MR. HEISE: Q. Well, then let's talk about 15 modified in any way to accept the NUMA code or technology that's being incorporated? 16 code module X. 16 17 17 MR. KAO: Objection to form. A. Okay. 18 THE WITNESS: Yes. 18 Q. If we have code module X that is put into 19 MR. HEISE: Q. When you talk about -- I think 19 Dynix/ptx, what is your understanding as to what Dynix you used this word earlier, a code module? Is that my 20 can do with code module X that came from Unix System V? 20 21 MR. KAO: Objection to form. making things up, or --21 A. No. 22 22 THE WITNESS: Okay. Whatever the module might 23 23 be, it will have some application programming interface; Q. — is that something that you said earlier? 24 A. Right, it will have some exposed symbol, which is the way in Q. Okay. Trying to get an understanding on your 25 which it's called; and it'll have some parameters, in Page 154 Page 156 view of what did or did not have to be maintained in most cases, that are specified in the documentation. 1 2 confidence or could be made public or disposed of, 2 MR. HEISE: Q. So if code module X is 3 et cetera. If -- when you're using the phrase "code 3 incorporated into Dynix/pix from System V, is it true module," could you tell me what you mean by that? Is 4 4 that it contains then Unix System V code in that module? 5 that an entire file? Is it a part of a file? I'm just 5 MR. KAO: Objection to form. 6 trying to get a handle on that. 6 THE WITNESS: It's possible. 7 A. First of all, it would almost certainly be a 7 MR. HEISE: Q. Okay. 8 file. It might be multiple files, but it would be at 8 A. It's not required. 9 9 least one file. Q. Okay. So just by way of example, then, if we 10 And under most circumstances, a module is a 10 did have code module X that has Unix System V source piece of code that implements a function. It's not code in it and that is put into Dynix, is it your complete by itself. It has to be bound with other 12 understanding that the Unix System V code that appears 12 13 functions and bound into the overall operating 13 in that code module X must be maintained in confidence? 14 14 A. Yes, if it were copied from the System V

environment, but it would implement a specific function.

So, for example, malloc, which is the way that memory is allocated in the Unix operating environment, is a module that appears in lots of Unixes; but the implementation of malloc, which is give me a piece of virtual memory, will make some calls on lower-level system services that will actually do the allocation of physical memory, the backing store -- meaning the disk

- 22 that keeps the physical memory when it's not in the main
- memory -- allocate page table entries, potentially makes 23 24 notice to -- of the kind of usage of the memory
- 25 allocation. If it's for I/O, it's special. And that

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A. Quite likely.

- 22 Q. Okay. That's what I assumed, but I just 23 wanted to be sure.
- 24 A. And just by completeness, if it's a module 25 that doesn't make sense in the Dynix/ptx context, you

Q. What if the -- in the process of taking the

would that require that additional lines of code be

written so that it would function with the Dynix/ptx

Unix System V code module X and putting it into Dynix,

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Page 157 might subtract lines of code. That is, it might simply return successful.

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O. Okay. In that situation where, however, you have to add lines of code to this code module X so that it functions properly with Dynix/ptx, what is your understanding as to what Sequent's obligations are to maintain in confidence the source code? In the example I just gave you, you've got source code that Sequent wrote so that it would work, and then you've got the original Unix System V source code that appears in code module X.

A. Right. On the presumption that it's a single file, if it were a mix of Unix System V code and Sequent-authored code, most likely the entirety would be held in confidence because it would be hard to expose only the changed lines.

Q. Okay. What about if, after going through numerous changes because of programmers dealing with it through Version 1 to Version 2, the Unix System V code lines don't appear as they did in Unix System V? What, if anything, is Sequent obligated to do now with that code module X?

MR. KAO: Objection to form.

THE WITNESS: In my reasoning, if the function X is now performed in some other way, including the null

MR. HEISE: Q. If there was a code module that -- let's call it code module Y, that contains structures and sequences and organization as it appears in System V, is that, according to your understanding of the software agreement, restricted in any manner?

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MR. KAO: Objection to form.

THE WITNESS: It would depend. If the rea son for the similarity were essentially that there wasn't any other way to do it, then it would hinge on who authored it and when. If the reason the similarity was there was because it was just copied, then yeah, I would agree that that would be subject to the constraints.

. MR. HEISE: Q. So if you have code module Y that has structure, sequence, and organization that came from Unix System V and it's not the only way to do something, your understanding is that that would be restricted and would have to be maintained in confidence: Is that correct?

MR. KAO: Objection to form.

THE WITNESS: Yes.

MR. HEISE: Q. What if over time that same code module Y that contained the structure, sequence, 23 and organization from System V was rewritten so many times between Version 1 and Version 2 that came out from Sequent so that it no longer followed that original Unix

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way, then it ceases to have any System V content and it's disclosable at the choice of Sequent, of course.

MR. HEISE: Q. So if the lines get rewritten so that they no longer appear as they were in Unix System V, at that point Sequent is no longer obligated to maintain it in confidence?

A. Now it's on a fine point. That is, you know, did you just change A to B? I wouldn't consider that to be a sufficient difference. If the module was rewritten to implement the function with a new algorithm and there were no lines of the original code, then I would say

Q. Even though it's performing the same function as originally?

A. Right. The functions are specified by the operating system interface.

Q. Do you make any distinction in this example as to whether we're taking about C code versus header file code?

MR. KAO: Objection to form.

THE WITNESS: Yes. I mean, again, you can have the same either huge difference or small difference as the possibility. But because header files generally have to be exposed in order to allow use, they're treated differently.

System V structure, sequence, and organization? Would you consider that something that also had to be maintained in confidence, or could that be provided publicly?

MR. KAO: Objection to form. THE WITNESS: Generally, no.

MR. HEISE: Q. No, it would not need to be maintained --

A. Would not need to be maintained.

-- in confidence?

No, it would not need to be maintained in confidence?

A. Yes. Or yes to a no.

Q. Yes, I am correct that would not need to be maintained in confidence, according to you?

A. Yes.

(Mr. James joins the proceedings.) MR. HEISE: Q. Are you aware of any publications that provided source code for Unix System V, Release 4.0?

A. I have no awareness.

Q. Well, you had mentioned earlier -- I need to maybe look at my notes -- that you had -- you had a 24 book -- I think it was the Unix System Primer.

A. Mm-hmm.

Page 161 Page 163 Is that the one that you said you had in your documents and just see if this refreshes your 2 possession? recollection at all. 3 3 One, I only have one copy of, so we'll mark A. Yes. Q. - that identified Unix. 4 4 that as 101. And the other I do have copies for the So, first, is this -- when you talk about whole gang, which we'll mark as 102. And you can just put the sticker over it. that, are you talking about identifying fragments in 6 6 7 7 THE WITNESS: Thank you. Unix? 8 (Whereupon, Deposition Exhibits 101 and 102 8 A. Yes. 9 were marked for identification.) Q. Do you know whether that Unix System Primer 10 MR. KAO: I guess we should give that to her was identifying source code from Unix System V, 11 Release 4.0? 11 first. 12 A. I don't know. I don't think so because it 12 So this one is 102? 13 appeared much earlier than System V, Release 4. 13 MR. HEISE: Yes. 14 14 Q. When is the book that you're talking about, MR. KAO: Okay. this Unix System Primer? 15 MR. HEISE: And this is going to be 103, 15 A. Oh, 1983. 16 which -- oh, that's your copy. 16 Q. Were there ever times in which Sequent or AT&T 17 (Whereupon, Deposition Exhibit 103 was marked 17 did address specific terms of the license in writing? 18 for Identification.) 18 19 MR. KAO: Objection to form. 19 MR. HEISE: And 101 is the sole copy. I 20 20 THE WITNESS: I'm not clear what the question, apologize for that. 21 21 is. MR. KAO: You want to start with 101? 22 MR. HEISE: Okay. I'll be glad to try and 22 MR. HEISE: Yes, but I'm going to have to ask 23 23 you to give it back to me since, as I mentioned, it was rephrase it. Q. We've talked at length about certain issues 24 the only copy and it's not stapled and all sorts of 24 25 that you said you discussed and learned the intent of 25 other maladies. Page 162 Page 164 1 AT&T; for example, definition of "software product" or Q. This document makes reference to an April 1983 what needed to be maintained in confidence, whether it software agreement as modified, and it's regarding was methods or concepts. And all those were oral, 3 Release 2.0. 4 nothing in writing; is that correct? A. Okay. 4 5 A. That's correct. Q. And it appears to have a signature for Otis Q. So my question is: Were there ever times when Wilson and for yourself, talking about various terms of 6 7 something was put in writing about any aspect of the 7 that earlier 1983 agreement. contractual relationship between Sequent and AT&T, 8 A. Okay. 9 either from AT&T or from Sequent? Q. Is that how changes would be communicated 9 between Sequent and AT&T pertaining to the agreement, 10 MR. KAO: Objection to form. 10 THE WITNESS: Yes. Again, I don't have a 11 whether it's the earlier version of the 1983 or these 11 12 recollection of the date; but at some later time, AT&T 12 1985 agreements that are attached to your Exhibit 100 contracted with Sequent to do development work which 13 declaration? 13 required disclosure of the D ynix source code to AT&T. 14 14 A. That's what I --15 And so there was a document about that time. 15 MR. KAO: I object to form. And could I just MR. HEISE: Q. Okay. How about with respect have a chance to look at the document --16 16 17 17 to the Unix System V code? So I understand your example MR. HEISE: Here you go. Absolutely. 18 was with respect to the Dynix code. 18 MR. KAO: -- along with the witness --19 19 A. Mm-hmm. MR. HEISE: Yeah. 20 Q. So with respect to the Unix System V code that 20 MR. KAO: - before we ask questions about it, 21 was licensed from AT&T, was there ever anything in 21 since we don't have a copy? 22 writing between AT&T and Sequent pertaining to this 22 MR. HEISE: Q. Are you done? Exhibit 1 to Exhibit 100? 23 23 24 Not to my knowledge. 24 Q. Have you had to time to look at it? Because 25 MR. HEISE: Let me hand you a couple of 25 I'm not really asking you substantively about the

Page 165 Page 167 contents of the document as much as I am about trying to appears on the document? understand the way in which Sequent and AT&T would 2 A. It is my signature. operate when there were anything that needed to be 3 Q. And again, was this the procedure that would 4 addressed regarding the agreements. 4 be followed to identify any issues between AT&T 5 This one, obviously, Exhibit 101, references regarding the software agreement; namely, a letter from an earlier agreement between AT&T --AT&T that would be countersigned by you? 6 7 A. Right. 7 MR. KAO: Objection to form. 8 8 O. - and Sequent. THE WITNESS: Actually, this exhibit gives me 9 Were you involved in the negotiation or 9 one other piece of recollection, which is that it was execution of the earlier agreement, the 1983 -10 10 Ira Kistenberg who was on the phone calls most of the A. Yes. 11 11 time. O. -- that's referenced? MR. HEISE: Q. Is Mr. -- could you spell the 12 12 13 13 A. I'm presuming that we're talking about last name? 14 Q. Well, this references a 1983 agreement, and 14 A. K-i-s-t-e-n-b-e-r-q. 15 'that's why -- I'm just trying to get clarification on 15 Q. You're reading his name off the -that first. 16 16 A. Off the --17 A. I have no recollection of that. 17 Q. -- bottom of the document? 18 18 Q. Okay. Then going back to my original A. Off the document. 19 question, is this your understanding as to how AT&T and 19 Q. So he was the AT&T person --20 Sequent would operate when they were addressing terms in 20 A. Right. 21 the documents; namely, there would be this 21 Q. -- who was on the phone calls? 22 correspondence from AT&T and then you or someone at 22 A. So, but to answer your question, this would be 23 Sequent would sign and return the document? 23 the form that we would take when we asked for something 24 MR. KAO: Objection to form. 24 additional. 25 25 THE WITNESS: I presume so. I mean, I don't Q. Okay. And what about Exhibit 103? Page 166 Page 168 have a recollection. I'm trying to remember now. I 1 THE WITNESS: Do you have this one? don't think I joined Sequent until July of 1983. So 2 MR. KAO: Yeah. this -- the agreement that's referred to here would have 3 MR. HEISE: Q. Is that your signature that 4 been executed by somebody else. 4 appears on 103? 5 5 A. Yes, it is. MR. HEISE: Q. Okay. 6 A. And with regard to is this how we would 6 Q. While you're taking the time to review it, my 7 exchange notes, I think we probably would have question is: When terms were changed or clarified or exchanged -- when we requested something different, we discussed, is this the procedure that would be followed: 9 probably would have phoned them, said "How do you want 9 AT&T would provide you with correspondence and you would 10 10 to deal with this?" countersign it and return it? 11 Q. And after a phone call was made, it would be 11 A. That would certainly --12 12 memorialized in a letter and then you would sign it and MR. KAO: Object to form. 13 return it back to AT&T? Was that the procedure? 13 THE WITNESS: That would certainly be the case 14 MR. KAO: Objection to form. 14 with regard to correspondence. 15 THE WITNESS: I don't recall that as an 15 Okay. 16 ongoing process. 16 MR. HEISE: Q. You've had the opportunity 17 MR. HEISE: Q. Well, if you could, sir, 17 to -turning your attention to Exhibit 102, which does make 18 A. I did read it, yes. 18 19 reference to Exhibit 1 of your declaration, the software 19 Q. -- review this? 20 20 agreement. Having had the opportunity to review 21 Exhibits 101, 102, and 103, just to make sure I covered A. Right. Z1 22 Q. Apparently somebody at Sequent had asked for a it for all three, it does have your signature on each of 22 23 particular copy of a book. 23 these exhibits: is that correct? 24 A. Right. 24 A. It is mlne. 25 Q. And then, again, is that your signature that 25 Q. And with respect to 103, this was a -- this

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Page 169 was correspondence regarding the sublicensing a greement, meaning the one for the binary --

A. That's correct.

Q. -- code?

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And was this an example of how terms would be discussed or clarified when AT&T and Sequent concluded that something needed to be clarified?

MR. KAO: Objection to form.

THE WITNESS: In this particular case, I believe that this was a general -- a general change in terms that was not initiated by Sequent. There was ... nothing new requested by Sequent. They obviously had somebody whose behavior they didn't like and they wanted to clarify.

15 M.R. HEISE: Q. And Sequent agreed to it by 16 indicating ---

By acknowledging the letter.

18 Q. -- by indicating and countersigning the document and returning it to AT&T; is that correct?

A. Yes, we did.

Q. Having had the opportunity to review 21 22 Exhibits 101, 102, and 103, does this refresh your 23 recollection at all as to written correspondence being

the manner in which changes or clarifications to the

various agreements would occur; namely, they would be

provided by you?

A. The example was mine.

Q. Did you provide any other examples that do not appear in your declaration?

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MR. KAO: To -- let me -- let me ask. Are you asking did he provide other examples in discussions with counsel, or did he provide other examples in the declaration, which I think speaks for itself?

MR. HEISE: I will clarify.

Q. Prior to orally agreeing to have Cravath, Swaine & Moore, IBM's lawyers, represent you, did you have any discussions with them about other examples from you, not from them, of instances that would meet the definition of, quote, available without restriction to the general public?

A. I don't have a specific recollection. In recollecting the conversation, I explicitly remember mentioning books, and I probably -- this is speculation -- I probably would have mentioned public speaking engagements by AT&T personnel.

Q. Backtracking for just one second, but you just brought it up a few minutes ago and it jogged my memory, you talked about this situation where Dynix code was revealed to AT&T. Was that pursuant to a written agreement?

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done in writing and countersigned by Sequent or somebody 1 2

MR, KAO: Objection to form.

THE WITNESS: If there was a material change, if it was an increment of rights or content.

M.R. HEISE: Q. Continuing on, sir, with your declaration, in paragraph 14, again, you start a sentence with "As I understood the agreement . . . . "

Is that from your reading of the agreement or from any other basis?

 It's based on having read the agreement, having had the conversations with the parties.

Q. And then in paragraph 15, we touched on this before, about the phrase from Section 7.06 of "available without restriction to the general public" not having a particular definition or example attached to it. Do you recall that?

A. Yes.

19 Q. You indicate in your declaration under oath 20 that you believe there are a number of circumstances that would meet the definition of "available without 21 restriction to the general public"? 22

A. Yes, I do.

Q. The example that's provided here, was thatprovided by the lawyers or is that an example that was 1 A. Yes, it was.

2 Q. When's the last time that you looked at that 3 agreement?

A. I don't think I ever looked at that agreement.

Q. Okay. I guess I assumed something that did not occur.

How is it that you became aware of the terms of that agreement between AT&T and IBM for AT&T to review the Dynix code?

> MR. JAMES: AT&T and Sequent? MR. KAO: Objection to form.

12 MR. JAMES: You said "AT&T and IBM."

13 MR. HEISE: Thank you. I will go ahead and 14 start that one over.

Q. How is it you became aware of any of the terms between AT&T and Sequent for AT&T to view the Dynix code?

18 A. Again, no specific recollection. The likely occurrence was that Michael Simon spoke at an executive staff meeting about the agreement with AT&T, and my part 20 in that would be to execute on the fulfillment. 21

22 Q. Okay. Are you aware of any books, going back to your paragraph 15, that provide source code from Unix 23 24 System V in greater than a fragment?

A. I personally am unaware of them. It would not

be shocking to me that there are texts in use at universities. Q. Do you have any understanding, sir, as to the 3 confidentiality obligations of universities that have Unix System V? A. No, I do not, O. Do you know one way or the other whether universities, its employees, and students are obligated to maintain in confidence Unix System V and all the

other items identified in the agreements between AT&T

A. I don't know that.

and the universities?

- 13 O. You indicated that another possible example of 14 situations where something would become available 15 - without restriction to the general public would occur 16 because of speaking engagements.
  - A. Yes.

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- 18 Q. Could you tell us what you're referring to 19 there?
- 20 A. There, as there are in many industries, 21 industry gatherings, industry events where technical 22 people will give talks on how a particular problem was 23 solved or how a particular marketplace need was 24 addressed. And it was very frequently the case that a

25 developer from AT&T or other company would stand up and

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MR. HEISE: Thank you, sir.

THE VIDEOGRAPHER: Going off the record. The time is 1:50.

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(Recess taken.)

THE VIDEOGRAPHER: We're back on the record. The time is 2:11.

MR. HEISE: O. Sir, I just have a few quick areas I just want to touch base on.

When you gave us your employment history from Carnegie-Mellon all the way through IP Unity, were there any breaks between times when you, for example, went from Digital to Sequent or Sequent to Compaq that are not covered?

- A. The only break in my employment was after I left Brightlink and before I started at IP Unity.
  - Q. What did you do during that time?
  - A. I took the summer off and looked for a job.
- Q. Okay. Because Brightlink decided it was time to go belly-up?
  - A. Yep.
- 21 Q. All right. What was the reason that you left 22 Sequent?
  - A. Essentially, because Sequent was no longer sort of at the forefront of enterprise application innovation.

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talk about how they did spmething really cool.

Q. In these discussions, would they provide the entire source code for that particular item that they may have been discussing?

A. It's not likely, because in a public speaking event, you're limited as to time and you're not likely to go through it line by line. However, you'll -- in such a case, you'll usually provide the key block diagram of how the module's put together and then some of the key code fragments to say, "Here's how this problem was solved."

Q. In your experience, did you ever see -- did you ever attend any speaking functions where AT&T personnel talked about source code?

A. I'm sure I did. I don't remember a specific incident.

Q. Do you recall any instance in which more than just source code fragments were ever revealed at any of the engagements that you attended?

No, I can't imagine that.

MR. HEISE: If we could just take a short

break and I'll check my notes, and --22 23

THE WITNESS: Sure.

MR. HEISE: -- we might get you out of here.

THE WITNESS: Awesome.

The context here is that my expertise over time at Sequent had become IT oriented. My stint as the CIO and as the professional services guy gave me a lot of insight into how businesses were using open sy stems technology and enterprise scale applications like SAP and Oracle. And at that point in time, Compag was making a big push to partner with those application providers and to use the Windows NT platform as a vehicle to kind of crash the cost of enterprise computing, and that seemed like an innovative thing to do.

- Q. Okay. What about this Roger Swanson? Do you know why he left Sequent?
- A. I don't. In fact, I don't even know when he left Sequent.
- Q. Okay. How is it that you believe he's in Beaverton or Portland, Oregon, area?
- A. I think I maintain sort of peripheral contact with ex-Sequent employees through an Internet mail group called Ex-Sequent, and I've seen Roger appear there in some postings.
- 22 Q. Got it. Then the last thing I just wanted to 23 ask you about, and I meant to earlier, is in paragraph 5 24 of your declaration.
  - A. Okay.

Page 177 Page 179 Q. Specifically what I'm not understanding is, in MR. HEISE: Objection to form. 1 1 2 your declaration you state: You may answer. 2 3 3 "Although I did not personally negotiate the MR. KAO: Q. Dynix/ptx, I should say. 4 4 Sequent Agreements with representatives of A. I would hope not. That's certainly not my AT&T . . . I carefully reviewed the 5 interpretation of the licensing agreement. 5 6 agreements myself with other Sequent Q. In your telephone discussions with employees before executing them . . . . " 7 7 representatives of AT&T, did you believe that the --8 well, strike that. 8 And then you continue on. 9 Let me ask it this way: When you were having 9 Q. In reading this, it doesn't indicate anywhere 10 phone discussions with AT&T about the Unix System V 10 in here that you talked with AT&T personnel. Because license that you were entering into, did you have 11 11 12 discussions regarding changes that Sequent wanted to 12 you specifically state that you did not personally 13 negotiate the Sequent agreements with AT&T personnel. 13 make to the agreement? 14 MR. HEISE: Objection to form. Is that just an inaccurate statement as it 14 15 You may answer. 15 appears in No. 5? 16 16 MR. KAO: Objection to form. THE WITNESS: No. It was just trying to 17 THE WITNESS: I certainly did make contact 17 clarify what was the intent of the language and how they with AT&T personnel during this process. And the intent 18 were going to enforce it. 18 19 MR. KAO: Q. Did you yourself feel any need of this statement was just to say that I didn't participate in the drafting; I did participate in the 20 to document in writing your discussions with AT&T 20 21 Technologies regarding the license agreement? 21 review. MR. HEISE: I don't have anything further at 22 A. I did not. 22 23 Q. And why is that? 23 this time. 24 You may or may not be aware that we were in 24 A. Perhaps naively, I took them at their word. 25 Q. Do you know if anyone on your staff at Sequent court earlier this week about your deposition, and for Page 180 Page 178 the reasons that were stated at length there, we're attempted to document discussions with AT&T? going to reserve the right to come back when we get 2 A. It's possible, but not to my knowledge. 2 3 Q. Now, if you can look at the software agreement additional documentation. But for today, I very much 3 appreciate the time that you've given us, sir. again with me, when Mr. Heise was questioning you, you 4 5 looked at Section 1.04 --5 THE WITNESS: Thank you. MR. KAO: I just have a few questions that 6 A. Yes. 6 7 Q. -- of the agreement. Do you remember that? 7 I'll go through with you. But --8 8 THE WITNESS: Okay. 9 MR. KAO: - although I may be sitting over 9 Q. And I believe you testified that that - at-10 the time that you executed this agreement, you believed here, you can pretend like I'm sitting in Mark's seat. 10 MR. HEISE: Exactly. I'll be the puppet that that particular section was vague. Do you remember 11 12 that testimony? 12 master. 13 FURTHER EXAMINATION BY MR. KAO 13 A. Yes, I do. MR. KAO: Q. The first question I had was: 14 Q. Can you explain to me in what sense you 14 With respect to Dynix/ptx, are you aware of what 15 believe this section to be vague? 15 third-party code, apart from code written by Sequent, is 15 MR. HEISE: Objection. 16 17 You may answer. 17 in Dynix/ptx? A. I don't have specific knowledge. I can say 18 18 THE WITNESS: Okay. The description of that there are pieces of third-party code in Dynix/ptx, 19 computer programs and documentation, the capture in that 19 one element of which was written by Oracle. And there language is too broad to be practical. As we've 20 20 are others, but I don't know them specifically. 21 discussed previously, the essence of Unix requires that 21 Q. Based on your understanding of the licensing 22 some of the source be exposed and modifiable by the 22 agreement, would AT&T have the right to control in any 23 23 customers. Certainly the documentation has to be way Sequent's use or disclosure or distribution of that 24 exposed to customers. And so it's just overbroad. 24 third-party code in Dynix? 25 MR. KAO: Q. Did you have -- do you recall

Page 183 Page 181 MR. HEISE: Objection. specific discussions you had with AT&T Technologies 2 2 regarding this Section 1.04? You may answer. 3 3 A. I don't have a specific recollection, only THE WITNESS: Sorry. MR. KAO: Q. Did you have any discussions 4 clarifying that their intent was not to make the source with AT&T regarding whether AT&T considered the software 5 code unusable. Q. In other words, you don't remember the exact 6 product to include source code that Sequent developed on 6 7 7 words they told you? \*\*\* its own? 8 A. That's correct. 8 MR. HEISE: Objection. 9 Q. But you do remember discussions where you 9 You may answer. 10 THE WITNESS: I don't recall a specific 10 talked about this section? 11 conversation. 11 A. Right. 12 12 MR. HEISE: Objection. MR. KAO: Q. Do you recall general 13 discussions? THE WITNESS: We clarified the intent. 13 14 MR. HEISE: Objection to form. 14 MR. HEISE: Same objection. 15 I know she doesn't want two of us speaking at 15 THE WITNESS: No, I don't recall a specific 16 the same time. She definitely doesn't want three of us conversation. I recall being satisfied that our - we 16 17 were not bargaining away the rights to our intellectual 17 speaking at the same time. 18 18 MR. KAO: Q. Let me ask it this way: Can you property. MR. KAO: Q. And how did you become satisfied 19 19 just tell me what discussions you remember having with 20 with that? AT&T generally about this Section 1.04? 20 21 21 MR. HEISE: Objection. A. Through a verbal assurance from someone at 22 AT&T. 22 You may answer. 23 23 Q. Now, in response to questions from Mr. Heise, THE WITNESS: Only that the intended 24 I believe you testified that Sequent attempted to 24 interpretation of this paragraph was not to restrict our maintain the Dynix/ptx source code confidential. Is ability to create the derivative work or to sell a Page 182 Page 184 usable product. 1 that correct? 2 2 A. That's correct. MR. KAO: Q. Can you explain what you mean by 3 that? 3 Q. As you understand the license agreements with AT&T for Unix System V, did Sequent attempt to maintain 4 A. That those things which are necessary to be 5 exposed to make use of the resulting Dynix/ptx or Dynix the Dynix/ptx source code confidential because it was obligated to under the agreement or because it chose to-6 would be within the interpretation of this paragraph. 7 Q. I'm not sure I'm understanding your answer. 7 do so as a matter of business practice? 8 What materials did you understand AT&T to 8 MR. HEISE: Objection. 9 9 consider part of the software product? You may answer. 10 10 MR. HEISE: Objection. THE WITNESS: Both of those. 11 You may answer. 11 MR. KAO: Q. Can you explain what you mean by 12 that? 12 THE WITNESS: The language is inclusive of 13 13 object code, source code, and documentation. We A. Yes. Certainly, the Dynix/ptx source code 14 clarified with AT&T that that would not be construed to 14 that was derived from AT&T was required to be maintained 15 in confidentiality; and for that matter, any third-party 15 limit our ability to expose those pieces of source code contributions that were similarly covered would have had 16 16 that were necessary for customization or those pieces of 17 17 documentation that were necessary for use. to be maintained in confidentiality. 18 MR. KAO: Q. And I think in -- when you were 18 And then in my view, Sequent was free to do 19 discussing this issue with Mr. Heise, the source code 19 what it would with its own source code; but as I 20 explained earlier, we had, at least for the time, a 20 that you were referring to were header files? competitive advantage in performance and stability that 21 21 A. Among them, yes. 22 Q. Now, did you understand this Section 1.04 to 22 we wanted to maintain as a trade secret. 23 include, as part of the software product, any materials 23 Q. Did Sequent maintain its Dynix/ptx source code

A. I did not.

24

25

or any source code developed by Sequent on its own?

24

25

confidential from AT&T Technologies?

A. It did.

Page 185 The Non-Uniform Memory Access refers to the MR, HEISE: Objection. 1 2 2 speed of access for memory that's attached directly to a You may answer. 3 MR. KAO: Q. If AT&T requested the Dynix/ptx 3 particular processor being faster than memory that's 4 attached to another processor in the cluster. It's a 4 source code, would you have provided -- would Sequent 5 have provided that source code to AT&T without a license 5 technology that existed a long time before and 6 independent of Unix or any other operating system. from Sequent? 6 7 Q. Do you understand the NUMA technology that 7 MR. HEISE: Objection. 8 Sequent developed for Dynix/ptx to be based on any code 8 You may answer. 9 THE WITNESS: With an appropriate contained in Unix System V? 9 10 MR. HEISE: Objection. nondisclosure document or a license. 10 You may answer. MR. KAO: O. Did you understand the license 11 11 THE WITNESS: It's almost certainly not based agreement that you entered into with AT&T for Unix 12 12 System V to give AT&T the right to obtain the source 13 on Unix System V code. 13 code that Sequent developed on its own without any 14 MR. KAO: Q. And why is that? 14 15 license agreement from Sequent? 15 A. There's no contemplation of inhomogeneous 16 MR. HEISE: Objection. 16 memory access or distributed memory in Unix System V. 17 17 Q. Are there any methods or concepts within Unix You may answer. System V upon which the NUMA technology that Sequent 18 THE WITNESS: No. 18 19 19 developed for Dynix/ptx are based on? MR. KAO: Q. Now, in response to a question A. There are certainly related concepts in Unix 20 20 from Mr. Heise, you stated that you believed that System V. We mentioned earlier interprocess Dynix/ptx was a derivative work of Unix System V. Do 21 21 22 · communication. That is a concept that's useful 22 you remember that testimony? 23 A. Yes. 23 Independent of Non-Uniform Memory Access. But Q. Can you tell me what you base that answer on? 24 certainly, an application that wants to take advantage 24 25 A. Dynix/ptx, because it was — it had a System V of a NUMA machine will lean more heavily on it because Page 186 personality, would be required to contain, at the very it's oriented toward communication that doesn't depend 2 least, the utilities that are a part of Unix System V 2 on memory speed of access. 3 that are not a part of the Berkeley Standard 3 Q. I guess I don't -- I mean, I may be lost in 4 Distribution. 4 the technology. Is the NUMA technology based on those methods or concepts within Unix System V? 5 Q. Do you know if Dynix/ptx today still contains 6 A. No, it is not. I'll give you a little bit 6 that Unix System V code? 7 7 A. I don't know it from personal knowledge. I more. 8 8 We talked earlier about different programs: would make that assumption. Q. During the time that you were at Sequent, did 9 9 wanting to make access to a common resource. It doesn't you know, based on personal knowledge, that there was 10 matter what that resource is. 10 any Unix System V code contained in Dynix/ptx? 11 In a shared memory architecture, you can 11. 12 MR. HEISE: Objection. 12 utilize a relatively inefficient synchronization. 13 13 You may answer, technique called a spin lock, where all the processes 14 THE WITNESS: I did not inspect the code to 14 that want to access the resource keep looking at a common memory location and waiting for their number to 15 know that to be true. 15 MR. KAO: Q. Do you recall discussing with 16 come up essentially. 16 17 17 Mr. Heise the NUMA technology earlier? In a Non-Uniform Memory Access machine, that 18 18 would be very inefficient, because except for the A. Yes. 19 Q. Can you explain for me what the NUMA 19 processor that happened to be close to the memory 20 technology is? 20 location that was being referenced, all the other 21 processors would have to be using some expensive access 21 A. NUMA is an acronym for Non-Uniform Memory 22 22 Access, and it's a way of constructing multiprocessor, mechanism to look at that memory location. multimemory computer systems that give the appearance of 23 So in a NUMA architecture, it's more efficient 23 24 having a single shared memory, but the physical 24 to use interprocess communication, which is more of a 25 realization is multiple distributed memories. wake-me-when-it's-my-turn mechanism rather than a

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Page 189 Page 191 System V source code are disclosable at the discretion I'll-keep-waiting-until-I-see-it's-my-turn mechanism. of Sequent. O. And is the interprocess communication concept 2 something unique to Unix System V? 3 3 MR. KAO: O. And looking now at the next 4 A. No, not at all. 4 sentence, which includes the language "methods or 5 MR. HEISE: Objection. 5 concepts utilized therein," did you understand this Section 7.06(a) to require Sequent to hold in confidence You may answer, which you already did. 6 6 MR. KAO: Q. 'Is that a method or concept that methods and concepts contained in Dynix/ptx? 7 8 MR. HEISE: Objection. 8 is used by Unix System V? 9 9 A. Yes, it is. You may answer. 10 THE WITNESS: It would be a similar response. 10 MR. HEISE: Same objection. 11 THE WITNESS: Yeah. 11 That is, if there were some patented method within the 12 System V source code, that would certainly be required 12 MR. KAO: Q. Do you know what the origin of 13 to be held in confidence. If it was an invention of 13 that concept is from? Sequent alone, then it was, again, Sequent's discretion. A. I don't know from own knowledge. It's lost in 14 14 15 MR. KAO: Q. Now, if you can turn with me to 15 the history of computer science. Q. Now, you looked at Section 7.06(a) of this 16 16 Section 2.01, which I believe you also reviewed with agreement with Mr. Heise earlier, and I just want to ask 17 Mr. Heise, I believe you testified that as you 17 you some questions about that. And in particular, I understood the meaning of the word "treated." that that 18 think you looked at the first sentence, which says that: was distinguishing between ownership on the one hand and 19 19 20 "LICENSEE agrees that it shall hold all parts 20 treatment of something as confidential on the other. Is 21 of the SOFTWARE PRODUCTS subject to this 21 that --22 22 Agreement in confidence for AT&T." MR. HEISE: Objection. 23 23 A. Yes. MR. KAO: Q. - correct? 24 24 O. Do you see that? MR. HEISE: You may answer. 25 25 And I believe your testimony was that - well, THE WITNESS: That's accurate. Page 190 Page 192 MR. KAO: Q. Okay. Now, with respect to code 1 strike that. that Sequent developed on its own for Dynix/ptx, was it 2 Let me ask it this way: Is it your understanding of this provision in the software your understanding that this Section 2.01 required 3 Sequent to treat that code as confidential? agreement that Sequent was to hold all parts of the Unix 5 System V source code in confidence for AT&T? 5 MR. HEISE: Objection. 6 You may answer. 6 A. Yes. 7 7 THE WITNESS: Please repeat the question. MR. HEISE: Objection. MR. KAO: Can you just read it back. 8 8 You may answer. THE WITNESS: Yes, that's my understanding. 9 (Record read.) 9 10 THE WITNESS: My understanding is that if the MR. KAO: Q. Is it your understanding from 10 this agreement that licensee, meaning Sequent, has to 11 code were purely a Sequent development, that that would 11 hold all parts of the Dynix/ptx software in confidence 12 not be subject to the provisions of this license 12 13 for AT&T? 13 agreement. 14 14 MR. HEISE: Objection. MR. KAO: Q. In testimony that you gave when 15 speaking with Mr. Heise, you recognized the distinction 15 You may answer. 16 between ownership and control. Do you remember that? 16 THE WITNESS: No, that's not my understanding. 17 17 MR. KAO: Q. What is your understanding of A. Yes, I do. 18 what Sequent has to hold in confidence for AT&T with 18 Q. Do you believe that -- well, let me ask it in respect to Dynix/ptx? 19 two parts. First, do you believe that Sequent owned the 19 20 20 MR, HEISE: Same objection. source code that it developed for Dynix/ptx? 21 21 MR. HEISE: Objection. You may answer. 22 22 THE WITNESS: Those modules or components You may answer. 23 which are wholly or in part comprised of the System V THE WITNESS: I believe that Sequent owned, in 23 source code would have to be held in confidence. Those 24 its entirety, the source code for Dynix. I believe that 24 25 modules or components that are independent of Unix Sequent owned those portions of Dynix/ptx which were not

Page 195 Page 193 MR. KAO: Q. Would I need the modification contributed by others, including AT&T. 1 2 MR. KAO: Q. Do you believe that Sequent histories for Dynix/ptx in order to make that controlled and had the right to control the source code determination, whether there was Unix System V code 3 4 for Dynix/ptx that it developed on its own? contained in the contributions to Linux? 5 MR. HEISE: Objection. 5 MR. HEISE: Objection. 6 You may answer. 6 You may answer. 7 THE WITNESS: You would not. THE WITNESS: Yes, I believe that subject to 7 limitations that were applied by the licensed 8 MR. KAO: Q. Now, in your understanding of 8 the term "derivative work," does something need to third-party components, that Sequent controlled those portions, again, in the entirety for those portions. contain code from Unix System V in order to be 10 considered a derivative work of Unix System V? which were uniquely Sequent's and jointly for those 11 11 MR. HEISE: I'm sorry to interrupt. Could you portions which third parties were involved. 12 12 13 just repeat the question? 13 MR, KAO: Q. Now, do you recall earlier -MR. KAO: Sure. I'm not -- I'm probably not discussing with Mr. Heise how one would go about 14 15 determining whether there is Unix System V code in 15 asking it in a very clear way. 16 MR. HEISE: No. Somebody just distracted me 16 Dynlx? 17 17 A. Yes. for a moment. 18 If I wanted to know with res- -- well, let me MR. JAMES: Here, I'll shut the door. 18 19 MR. KAO: Q. As you under- -- well, let me 19 give you some background here. just ask you this way: How do you understand -- what do Do you understand that, at least as it's -- at 20 20 21 least as the plaintiff SCO alleges, IBM has contributed 21 you understand a derivative work to be? code from Dynix/ptx ta Linux? 22 A. A derivative work is something which contains 22 23 a part or all of some other preexisting work. 23 MR. HEISE: Objection. Q. Okay. So what would you consider to be a 24 24 You may answer. 25 derivative work of Unix System V? MR. KAO: Q. Do you have an understanding of Page 194 Page 196 that or not? 1 A. I would consider a source module or a document 1 2 A. I do, but you were my source. 2 which contained some substantial portion, meaning not a . 3 Q. Oh. Well, if I -- let me -comment line consisting of a semicolon, some substantial I'll put on the redord that that was not meant portion of Unix System V. 4 to be a waiver of the attorney-client privilege. 5 Q. Would I need the modification history of 5 MR. HEISE: Too late. 6 Dynix/ptx in order to determine whether Dynix/ptx 7 MR. KAO: Q. Assume with me that -- assume contains source code from Unix System V? 8 with me that IBM has contributed source code from MR. HEISE: Objection. 9 Dynix/ptx to Linux. Whether or not that's true, let's You may answer. assume that's the case for the purposes of my question 10 10 THE WITNESS: You wouldn't. 11 here. 11 MR. KAO: Q. I could just do a comparison between the Unix System V source code and the Dynix 12 A. Okay. 12 13 Q. Can you do that? 13 source code; correct? 14 A. I can do that. 14 A. Yes. Q. If I wanted to determine whether there was any 15 MR. HEISE: Objection. 15 16 16 Unix System V code contained in the source code that was You may answer. contributed from Dynix/ptx to Linux, how would I do 17 THE WITNESS: And then, after that, an 17 18 18 that? inspection. 19 MR. HEISE: Objection. 19 MR. KAO: Q. Now, as you understand the term 20 "modification," does something need to have Unix 20 You may answer. System V code in it to be considered a modification of 21 THE WITNESS: The most reliable mechanism 21 Unix System V code? would be to do a source-to-source compare and, as I 22 23 previously described, after suspect areas are 23 MR. HEISE: Objection. identified, to have a software expert determine whether 24 24 You may answer. those are chance likenesses or the result of copying. 25 THE WITNESS: I think it's the same. That is,

if the Unix System V code is substantively unchanged -we used the example of changing a -- removing a dollar 2 Q. Would you consider that code to be part of sign -- then, yes, I would consider that. 3 Dynix/ptx? 3 4 MR. KAO: Q. And I could determine whether 4 A. No. something, then, was a modification of Unix System V 5 Q. What is a release of Dynix/ptx? Can you 6 code without having access to the revision histories? 6 explain that for the record? MR. HEISE: Objection. 7 -A. Certainly. A software release is the 8. You may answer. completed, tested, documented, and authorized for 9 THE WITNESS: Yes, you could. 9 distribution version of a particular piece of software. 10 MR. KAO: Q. I could do that by comparing the 10 So the release viewed from inside the organization would 11 Unix System V code to the modified Unix System V code? 11 include the source, would include the tools, would 12 Yes, you could. 12 include the build files. A release as viewed from MR. HEISE: Objection. outside the organization would be the binary code, the 13 13 MR. KAO: Q. What information would the 14 14 release notes, the documentation. 15 revision -- I think you called it -- maybe I should ask 15 Q. And releases are assigned different numbers to you. What did you call Sequent's revision history 16 identify them? 17 information? 17 A. Yes. A release will typically have a major A. The RCS logs. and a minor version number. Sometimes more precision 18 18 Q. What information would the RCS logs give me 19 19 than that if there's a lot of either customer-specific 20 that having all the source code to Dynix/ptx would not 20 or other variation. 21 21 Q. If I wanted to determine if any code in a 22 A. It would give you the programmer's intent for 22 release of Dynix/ptx is based on any code in Unix 23 23 System V, would I need to have the RCS logs? the change. 24 24 Q. If you had the source code itself, could you MR. HEISE: Objection. determine whether something was based on Unix System V You may answer. . Page 200 Page 198 without having the programmer's notes? THE WITNESS: No. The straightforward method 2 MR. HEISE: Objection. 2 would be to DIF the files module by module. 3 You may answer. 3 MR. KAO: Q. When you say "DIF the files," 4 THE WITNESS: With some high probability, yes. what do you mean? 5 MR. KAO: Q. When you talk about Dynix/ptx 5 A. A utility that would do a line-by-line 6 source code, what are you referring to? What universe comparison of the source code and identify where lines 7 7 of source code is considered Dynix/ptx source code? were either added or subtracted or changed. 8 A. You need to give me a time bound for this. Q. In order to determine whether a particular 9 Q. Sure, okay. We've been talking in this release of Dynix/ptx contained code implementing any 10 deposition just generally about Dynix/ptx source code. methods or concepts of Unix System V, would I need the 10 11 And all I'm trying to understand is: If you were asked 11 RCS log? by -- if you were asked by a customer or anybody else to 12 MR. HEISE: Objection. 12 provide them with the Dynix/ptx source code, what would 13 13 You may answer. THE WITNESS: You might, only with regard to you provide them with? I guess let's say at the time 14 14 15 that you were at Sequent. 15 programmer intent. 16 A. Okay. Generally, when someone wants access to 16 A more likely place to find it would be in the the source code, they want access to the kernel, to the 17 17 release notes. libraries, to the utilities, to the on-line and off-line 18 18 MR. KAO: Q. And release notes are -- well, 19 documents, and to the makefile. 19 strike that. Q. That's what you would consider to be 20 20 Are release notes provided with -- to ... 21 Dynix/ptx? 21 customers? 22 A. Right. 22 A. Yes, they are. They're part of the 23 Q. Now, do the RCS logs that you discuss include 23 distribution. 24 code that never made its way into a release of 24 MR. KAO: That's all I have for you. Dynix/ptx? 25 MR. HEISE: Just a few follow-up questions.

Page 201 Page 203 from Unix System V? 1 THE WITNESS: Sure. 1 2 2 MR. KAO: Objection to form. FURTHER EXAMINATION BY MR. HEISE 3 MR. HEISE: Q. Before entering into the 3 THE WITNESS: No, it was not. MR. HEISE: Q. What was the core or the basis agreement on behalf of Sequent, you've indicated that 4 5 you carefully reviewed it and discussed it with Sequent 5 of the Dynix/ptx operating system? 6 personnel and were involved in some phone conversations MR. KAO: Objection to form. 6 7 with AT&T personnel. Is that correct? 7 THE WITNESS: The core was a combination of 8 That is correct. 8 the Berkeley Standard Distribution 4.2 version and code created by Sequent. 9 Q. In all of the time that you carefully reviewed 9 10 MR. HEISE: Q. And are you suggesting that 10 this agreement, did you note paragraph 4 on page 1 of the agreement? And just so that the record's clear, in 11 the only code that came from Unix System V in Dynix/ptx 11 were the utilities? paragraph 4 it states that: 12 12 13 "This Agreement and its Supplements set forth 13 MR. KAO: Objection to form. 14 14 the entire agreement and understanding THE WITNESS: I can't state that as an 15 between the parties as to the subject matter 15 absolute. Certainly, the preponderance of the code in 16 hereof and merge all prior discussions 16 Dynix/ptx predates the licensing of AT&T System V. 17 between them, and neither of the parties 17 MR. HEISE: Q. But in terms of after the Unix 18 shall be bound by any conditions, 18 System V license was entered into, are you suggesting definitions, warranties, understandings or 19 that the only source code that was used from Unix 19 representations with respect to such subject System V were the utilities as they appear in Unix 20 20 matter other than as expressly provided System V? 21 21 22 herein or as duly set forth on or subsequent 22 MR. KAO: Objection to form. 23 to the date of acceptance hereof in writing 23 THE WITNESS: No. There would have been a few 24 and signed by a proper and duly authorized 24 system services that would have been in the kernel. 25 representative of the party to be bound 25 MR. HEISE: Q. In reviewing Section 2.01, in Page 202 Page 204 thereby." particular the phrase -- or sentence: 1 2 Did you carefully review that clause as well? 2 "Such right to use includes the right to 3 3 modify such SOFTWARE PRODUCT and to prepare 4 Q. And you understood that that meant all of the 4 derivative works based on such SOFTWARE 5 5 terms of the agreement were set forth in the agreement PRODUCT, provided the resulting materials are 6 6 treated hereunder as part of the original alone; right? 7 SOFTWARE PRODUCT." 7 A. Yes. 8 8 Q. When we were talking earlier about keeping the Do you see where I'm reading from? 9 9 Dynix code confidential, you stated, both in your A. Yes, I do. 10 declaration and here, that you did not want to be 10 Q. If the phrase "resulting materials" is 11 determined to mean the modifications or derivative works bargaining away the rights to Sequent's IP. Do you 11 of Unix System V — and for our purposes, consider that 12 recall that? 12 Dynix/ptx -- would you agree that Dynix/ptx would have 13 A. Yes, I do. 13 14 Q. AT&T telling Sequent to keep Dynix 14 to be maintained in confidence? 15 15 confidential when Sequent was keeping Dynix confidential MR. KAO: Objection to form. was not a bargaining away of any of Sequent's IP rights, 16 THE WITNESS: If the -- you're posing a 16 17 hypothetical, that is, "resulting materials" is an -- is 17 was it? 18 MR. KAO: Objection to form. 18 determined to mean any source code. Is that accurate? 19 19 THE WITNESS: No. MR. HEISE: Q. I'm asking you if the phrase 20 MR. HEISE: Q. When we talk about Dynix/ptx, 20 "resulting materials" is determined to include Dynix/ptx 21 just so we're clear, that arose after the Unix System V 21 as a modification or derivative work based on Unix license was entered into that we've been discussing all 22 System V, would you agree that in that case, Dynix/ptx 22 23 would be required to be maintained in confidence and 23 day today; right? 24 A. That is correct. 24 could not be publicly displayed? 25 MR. KAO: Objection to form. 25 Q. And the — the kernel of Dynix/ptx, was that

DAVID P. RODGERS Page 205 Page 207 THE WITNESS: If, hypothetically, the Dynix/ptx, to be able to see what Unix System V was Ż throughout Dynix/ptx from the beginning to the end? resulting materials was inclusive of all of the 3 3 Dynix/ptx source code, then yes, I would agree it would MR. KAO: Objection to form. have to be maintained in confidence. THE WITNESS: Impossible, I don't think I'd go 4 MR. HEISE: Q. With respect to the RCS log --5 5 for. 6 the Revision Control System, I guess it stands for. MR. HEISE: Q. What would you go for? 7 7 A. Yes. Extremely difficult? Q. You were asked a series of questions as to 8 A. It just makes it a little harder to figure 8 9 9 whether it would be helpful to have that -- or excuse out, yeah. 10 me -- whether it would be needed or necessary to have 10 Q. But if you were given the task, what you would that. Would you agree that it would be helpful to have 11 require to do it would be the first copy and the last 11 the RCS to be able to track the history of the code ascopy of Dynix/ptx --12 12 it appears in Dynix/ptx? 13 MR. KAO: Objection to form. 13 14 MR. KAO: Objection to form. MR. HEISE: Q. -- is that correct? 14 15 THE WITNESS: It would actually both be 15 A. Actually, the first copy I was referring to in that statement was the copy of the System V.2 16 helpful and confusing, because the progression of a 16 17 piece of software from one release to the next is a 17 distribution as delivered by AT&T pursuant to this 18 series of additions and subtractions, and so you'd have 18 agreement. to know what you were looking at. 19 Q. Okay. 19 The real help in the RCS logs is the statement 20 20 A. And the last copy would be whatever version of of programmer intent, like "I'm adding a new module" as 21 Dynix/ptx is the now current Dynix/ptx. 21 22 opposed to "I'm modifying such-and-such to fix a bug" or 22 Q. Well, if -- using a statement you made 23 23 earlier, where there was addition and subtraction of something like that. 24 MR. HEISE: Q. Well, if in determining where 24 code, how would one be a ble to determine what System V Unix System V either source code or methods and concepts code was in Dynix without access to all of the versions 25 1 Page 208 appear in Dynix, would you agree that it would be if over time some code is put in, some code is taken 2 necessary to have every version of Dynix/ptx from the out? beginning until present as opposed to just the last few 3 MR. KAO: Objection. 3 MR. HEISE: Q. If you're only looking at the 4 versions? 5 A. Not --5 last version of Dynix/ptx. 6 MR. KAO: Objection --6 A. I don't think I'm tracking the question. 7 7 MR. HEISE: -- of Dynix/ptx. Q. Okay. Let me try and break it into a couple MR. KAO: Objection to form. bits then. 8 9 9 THE WITNESS: Actually, it would be simpler to A. Okay. 10 start with the last version and DIF it against the first 10 Q. If one is to look at Dynix/ptx to locate System V code, to locate System V methods and concepts, version. The middle versions -- and let me elaborate by 11 saying, the progression of Dynix/ptx toward the NUMA-Q, et cetera, you've indicated you need to have the 12 12 System V release that was given to Dynix and you would N-U-M-A-Q, architecture probably resulted in the 13 also want the last version of Dynix/ptx. 14 subtraction of more and more System V code because it 14 15 was inappropriate. 15 A. Correct. So it would actually be confusing to go to the 16 Q. Would you also agree that to determine, over 16 middle releases. Starting with the beginning and the 17 time, what System V code was included in Dynix/ptx, you 17 would need to see the prior versions from the beginning 18 18 end would be better. of Dynix/ptx until the last version of Dynix/ptx? 19 MR. HEISE: Q. So at a bare minimum, to 19 20 undertake a complete analysis, you would need the first 20 MR. KAO: Objection to form. THE WITNESS: If your question is would I --21 copy and the last copy? 21 22 A. That would be the ideal. 22 if I wanted to know at any instant in time --23 23 MR. HEISE: Q. Exactly. MR. KAO: Objection to form,

MR. HEISE: Q. Would you agree it would be

25 impossible, in the absence of having the first copy of

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A. -- what System V code was in or out?

Yeah, I would need whatever -- the code

DAVID P. RODGERS Page 209 snapshot at that instant in time. I'm having a hard 2 versions of Dynix/ptx. time tracking the question because I'm not -- the only 3 3 ones that count are the ones that were released. A. Yes. Q. That's really what the judge is going to 4 5 decide. So I'm just trying to get from you a clear 5 6 understanding of if -- 'just making up numbers -- if 7 7 there were ten releases of Dynix/ptx, if there was System V code that was in Release No. 4 but it doesn't 8 9 appear subsequently in Release No. 10, the last one -10 10 A. Mm-hmm. 11 Q. — I would have no way of knowing that unless 11 12 I had access to Release No. 4; right? 12 A. That's so, if you needed to know that --13-13 Q. Right. 14 14 15 A. -- particular fact. 15 16 Let me elaborate by saying, let's suppose --16 17 this is a hypothetical, but let's suppose that the 17 18 developer wants to introduce a System V module to 18 Dynix/ptx, and they just want to run an experiment: 19 19 20 20 Does this thing bind? Are there any missing symbols? 21 So they might put the code in, compile it. It throws 21 22 out a million compiler errors, all these missing 22 23 23 symbols. And then they figure out how they're going to 24 deal with that set of missing symbols. 24 25 So that's why I'm questioning the utility of 25 Page 210 looking at the interim versions. It's an experiment, 1 You may answer. 2 not necessarily a result. 3 3 Q. I understand. But it's an experiment that 4 4 makes use of Unix System V? 5 A. Sure. 5 6 6

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you a series of questions where he was referring to

Q. Did you understand him to be referring to releases of Dynix/ptx? Do you make a distinction in your mind between versions and releases?

A. Actually, that was the source of my confusion. In my opinion, the things that are relevant to inclusion or noninclusion of source code are the releases, and they're -- as development proceeds, there are many, many

Q. What's the difference, in your mind, between a version and a release, just so I understand?

A. A collection of source gets compiled one day and it might run; it might not run. It's just a point in time. And the essence of Mr. Heise's questions were: How would I determine over all time, essentially, what was the inclusion or noninclusion? And I was trying to figure out why that was an important thing to know.

Q. I understand. But in responding to -- in responding to Mr. Heise's questions, I was just trying to understand what it was that you were -- you had in your mind. Were you -- were you -- were you responding as to versions or as to releases?

MR. HEISE: Objection.

Q. Okay. And I would have no way of knowing what use of Unix System V occurred unless I had access to the RCS, in your example?

MR. KAO: Objection to form.

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THE WITNESS: Well, the RCS would give you the programmer's intent, but not necessarily what was --

MR. HEISE: Q. I'd need to see the code -

I'm sorry. We brake the rule.

I would need to see the code, not necessarily the RCS, in the example we were just discussing?

A. Yes, you would need to see the code.

MR. HEISE: If you give me just 30 seconds to review my notes, we might be done.

As I said before, subject to our reservations, I again thank you for your time today.

THE WITNESS: Thank you.

MR. KAO: I just have two quick questions.

MR. HEISE: Uh-oh.

FURTHER EXAMINATION BY MR. KAO

MR. KAO: Q. One, Mr. Heise was just asking

THE WITNESS: My response was both to versions and releases because of the confusion about whether for any moment in time, you want to know what was included or whether at specific release points, when someone outside of Sequent might have had access, you would know what was included. So I was responding to both terms.

MR. KAO: Q. Okay. Is it the case that as far as Sequent was concerned, the code that was contained in a release is what is considered Dynix/ptx?

A. That's accurate:

Q. The only other question I have is back now to Section 2.01. Mr. Heise asked you some questions, and I just wanted to make sure I understood what you were saying. Looking at the last sentence, which says:

"Such right to use includes the right to modify such SOFTWARE PRODUCT and to prepare derivative works based on such SOFTWARE PRODUCT, provided the resulting materials are treated hereunder as part of the original SOFTWARE PRODUCT."

And I believe Mr. Heise asked you to assume that the words "resulting materials" are to be defined to include Dynix/ptx.

A. In its entirety.

53 (Pages 209 to 212)

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	Page 213		Page 215
1	Q. In its entirety.	1	MR. KAO: I don't have any follow-up.
2	Now, if that's the case, then it was your	2	THE VIDEOGRAPHER: Here marks
3	testimony that Dynix/ptx, in its entirety, has to be	3	MR. KAO: Just one more question.
4	treated confidentially; correct?	4	THE VIDEOGRAPHER: Here marks the end of Tape
5	A. That's correct.	5	No. 3 in the deposition of D avid Rodgers.
6	Q. Now, if you were to take out pieces of the	6	The original videotapes will be retained by
7	code from Dynix/ptx that Sequent developed on its own,	7	LegaLink New York at 420 Lexington Ave., Nos. 2108 and
8	would Sequent still have an obligation, in your	8	2112, New York, New York.
9	understanding of this language, to treat those materials	9	Going off the record. The time is 3:04.
10	as confidential, even assuming that the whole has to be	10	(Whereupon, the deposition was adjourned at
11	treated confidential?	11	3:04 p.m.)
12	MR. HEISE: Objection.	12	000
13	You may answer.	13	. I declare under penalty of perjury the
14	THE WITNESS: In my opinion, no. That is, if	14	foregoing is true and correct. Subscribed at
15	I create something independent of what ultimately	15	, California, this day of
16	becomes a derivative work, that's a separately treatable	16	, 2004.
17	and disclosable, in this case, item when it becomes a	17	
18	part of the derivative work. The entirety of the	18	D avid P. Rodgers
19	derivative work is the thing that's bound by the	19	
20	confidentiality.	20	
21	MR. KAO: Q. Under the assumption that	21	,
22	Mr. Heise	22	
23	A. Under the assumption that it was so	23	
24	determined.	24	
25	Q. So even under that assumption, Sequent would	25	
ļ	Page 214		Page 216
1	still have the right to pull materials out of Dynix/ptx	1	CERTIFICATE OF REPORTER
2	and disclose those materials as it chose to?	2	I, ANA M. DUB, a Certified Shorthand Reporter,
3	MR. HEISE: Objection.	3	Registered Merit Reporter, and Certified Realtime
-4	You may answer.	4	Reporter, hereby certify that the witness in the
5	THE WITNESS: That would be my opinion.	5	
6	THE TYPINGOUT MICE TO SEE TO THE OPERATOR	ן י	foregoing deposition was by me duly swom to tell the
	MR. KAO: That's all I have.	6	truth, the whole truth, and nothing but the truth in the
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1	MR. KAO: That's all I have.  MR. HEISE; A couple of quick follow-ups and we will hopefully be done.	6 7 8	truth, the whole truth, and nothing but the truth in the within-entitled cause;  That said deposition was taken down in
7	MR. KAO: That's all I have.  MR. HEISE; A couple of quick follow-ups and we will hopefully be done,  FURTHER EXAMINATION BY MR. HEISE	6 7	truth, the whole truth, and nothing but the truth in the within-entitled cause;  That said deposition was taken down in shorthand by me, a disinterested person, at the time and
7 8	MR. KAO: That's all I have.  MR. HEISE; A couple of quick follow-ups and we will hopefully be done.	6 7 8	truth, the whole truth, and nothing but the truth in the within-entitled cause;  That said deposition was taken down in
7 8 9	MR. KAO: That's all I have.  MR. HEISE; A couple of quick follow-ups and we will hopefully be done.  FURTHER EXAMINATION BY MR. HEISE  MR. HEISE: Q. When we were talking earlier about seeing what System V code appeared in Dynix/ptx at	6 7 8 9 10	truth, the whole truth, and nothing but the truth in the within-entitled cause;  That said deposition was taken down in shorthand by me, a disinterested person, at the time and place therein stated, and that the testimony of the said witness was thereafter reduced to typewriting, by
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7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14	MR. KAO: That's all I have.  MR. HEISE; A couple of quick follow-ups and we will hopefully be done.  FURTHER EXAMINATION BY MR. HEISE  MR. HEISE: Q. When we were talking earlier about seeing what System V code appeared in Dynix/ptx at any moment in time, that is when we would need to have access to all the versions as opposed to the final releases. Is that a correct statement?  A. Yeah, If it were important to know on any given day, yes.	6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15	truth, the whole truth, and nothing but the truth in the within-entitled cause;  That said deposition was taken down in shorthand by me, a disinterested person, at the time and place therein stated, and that the testimony of the said witness was thereafter reduced to typewriting, by computer, under my direction and supervision;  That before completion of the deposition, review of the transcript [] was [X] was not requested. If requested, any changes made by the deponent (and
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